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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXIV NO. 33 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Taj

To-night and To-morrow

CABARET DINNER DANCE

Sun. 10th

CABARET COCKTAIL DANCE.

Green's

This Evening and To-morrow

COCKTAIL & CABARET DINNER DANCE

AGA KHAN'S BID FOR CONGRESS-LEAGUE UNITY

SEES IN MAHATMA ONLY HOPE FOR INDIA

Asks Britain To Keep Off Inter-Party Dispute

PICTURE OF SOUTH ASIATIC FEDERATION INCLUDING PAKISTAN STATE

BOMBAY, Thursday. (A.P.I.): H. H. the Aga Khan hopes to meet Mahatma Gandhi about February 20 at Poona and discuss the Indian situation with him.

Indicating the possibility of this meeting, in the course of an exclusive interview to the Associated Press of India, the Aga Khan said: "My one hope is in trying to get Mahatma Gandhi to break down the unfortunate cordon that divides the two groups in India, the Congress and the Muslim League. I think he is the only man big enough. If the two groups will once sit down to talk together, then, there will be possibility of a compromise."

H. H. the Aga Khan said he was not in favour of any third party interference in India, and added: "If it were known that no third party would interfere, the two other parties would come to terms more quickly". He urged the British Government to keep this neutrality.

HIS ONE HOPE

Proceeding, the Aga Khan said that so far, apparently, reasons of prestige had prevented either party—Congress or the Muslim League—talking with the other. The Muslim League and the Congress had "rubbed each other so much the wrong way", he said and added: "There have, however, been some straws which showed that a hopeful wind also blows,' and referred to the Bhulabhai Desai and Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan Pact of last year as an instance.

Saying, "there is no doubt that there are faults on both sides", the Aga Khan said that Gandhiji was his one hope for breaking down this unfortunate cordon.

Surveying the world situation in general, the Aga Khan said: "I should say that the fundamental cause for the world's troubles today is the question of the 'haves' and the 'have nots'. That is behind everything."

SOLUTION FOR INDIA

Asked what he considered would be a solution for these troubles, His Highness the Aga Khan said: "Up to a point, frank acceptance, politically and economically, of the principle of nationality everywhere—by which, I mean people who are of the same language, customs and religion. I do not say race, because race is a very difficult thing to be sure of. In fact, I very much doubt whether all people who imagine they are of the same race, are really of the same race, but wherever there is a group of people who are alike in outlook, culture, religion and habits, they should be united and allowed to govern themselves according to their own ideas.

"In the case of India, which is a small world to itself, I would say that what is needed is a Confederation of Linguistic Areas, including a Union of the Moslems in their Federated State. The Federation, or Confederation, should go as far afield as possible. It should be bounded by China in the East and the Arab League in the West, Russia in the North and Africa and Australia in the South. I envisage a large Confederation of populations that clearly want to make a unit which will go a long way to remove future dangers."

PAKISTAN STATE

The Aga Khan continued: "I envisage a Pakistan State as part of an Indian and South Asiatic Confederation, to include Burma and Siam in the East, probably Afghanistan and possibly Iran in the West and, certainly, Ceylon in the South—a great Asiatic Confederation.

"In the same way, I should like to see Europe with some kind of a United States of Europe. Future wars are inevitable if you do not have this. The atom bomb has intensified suspicion. This is a bomb that puts an end at once to all life. There is one good thing about it, there is no room left for future wars between the victor and vanquished because the vanquished disappears, or both victor and vanquished disappear. If you had an atom bomb big enough, you could make the whole earth disappear."

Amplifying his idea of a great Asiatic Confederation, the Aga Khan said: "This Confederation would have no frontiers between its constituent members, in the normal sense of the word, each State being a unit—rather like the units of the British Commonwealth."

He added: "Certain things—all those things which affected the Confederation as a whole—would have to be handled by a body representing all the units of the Federation, while, in other matters, each unit would look after its own affairs and would work out its own social, economic and intellectual life.

"Wherever the interests of the whole affected the outside world, they would be united. The South Asiatic Federation or Confederation is what I would call it."

The Aga Khan further said that countries like Ceylon, Burma and Afghanistan, Siam and possibly Iran would join the Asiatic Federation because it was in their interests to do so. "But" he added, "it follows that you must first give independence to India before the other countries will look towards India. Otherwise, Siam and Burma will look to China and Afghanistan and Iran drift towards the Soviet Union."

India's Dollar Credits

Finance Member Declines To Give Figures

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.

To a series of questions by Mr. Manu Subedar regarding dollars, the Finance Member in the Assembly to-day declined to give figures accruing to the Dollar Pool on behalf of India. The Empire Dollar Pool which he described as from which every country draws dollars according to its needs, would be terminated as provided in Section 7 of the Anglo-American Agreement. Dollars were made available for essential imports, but they were not given for those goods or services which could be secured in the Sterling Area.

The priority of dollar applications was not determined by Reserve Bank officials, but was determined by a Committee in which the Finance, Commerce, Planning and Supply Departments were represented. Twenty million dollars for the calendar year 1944 and twenty million dollars for 1945 were earmarked specifically for India's post-war development subject to examination of relevant statistics.

The Official reply said that dollar exchange was granted for expenditure if it was essential in national interests, but the Finance Member refused to be drawn out on whether the position will be easier hereafter and by what stages it was intended to make more dollars available for securing essential requirements of Indian industry.

Oil Concession To Russia

NEW YORK, Feb. 7. (Reuter)—Teheran reports quoted by the "New York Times" today in a despatch from Cairo said that M. Ghavam Sultaneh, the Persian Premier, was willing to grant Russia an oil concession in Northern Persia on condition that Persia be free to grant an oil concession in the Southern part to the country to other powers.

Persia, these reports said was eager to grant oil rights in the south to the Americans to provide counterweight to Soviet and British influence.

M. Ghavam Sultaneh, Reuter adds, has accepted Generalissimo Stalin's invitation to fly to Moscow for the talks agreed upon at the U. N. O.

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

Previous Closing	25.45
To-day's Opening	25.46
Difference	+01
To-day's Closing	25.57
Difference	+12

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 78.1/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 50.
United States Steel Corporation common dol. 95 Ex. Div.
United States Steel Pref unquoted.
—Reuter

INDIAN INDEPENDENCE DAY IN LONDON

India League held a demonstratio n in Trafalgar Square on January 27. Mr. A. E. Coates (London Trades Federation) is seen speaking from the flag decked Nelson Column.

CONGRESS SWEEPS THE POLL IN N.W.F.

KHAN SAHIB TROUNCES LEAGUE OPPONENT

Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit Elected Unopposed: Karnatak Plea To Sardar

PESHAWAR, February 7. (A.P.I.): Dr. Khan Sahib, the Frontier Premier, has been declared elected to the Frontier Assembly defeating his rival Khadim Mohd Akbar (Muslim League) by a margin of 5,501 votes.

More Congress Victories

Two more Congress candidates, Dr. Khan Sahib and Syed Qaim Shah have been declared elected members of the N.-W. F. P. Legislative Assembly.

Dr. Khan Sahib polled 7,546 votes, while his opponent, Mr. Khadim Mohammed Akbar (Muslim League), got 2,045 votes.

Syed Qaim Shah (Congress) secured 4,031 votes, while his rival Khan Bahadur Mir Alam Khan (Muslim League) got 2,587 votes. Mr. Saeed Khan (Independent) polled 1,085 votes.

Malik Akbar Ali, Congress candidate from the Bannu West Muhammadan Rural Constituency has been declared elected to the N.W.F.P. Assembly defeating Malik Zardad Khan (Muslim League) by 4,823 votes to 2,184.

AZAD FOR SHILLONG

SHILLONG, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Maulana Azad, will reach here to-morrow morning. Immediately after arrival he is expected to see Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi and other Congress and Jamiat-ul-Ulema M.L.A.'s for consulting the in the matter of selecting the personnel for Mr. Bardoloi's cabinet.

It is reported in well-informed Congress circles that Mr. Bardoloi may be in a position to submit the names of his colleagues to the Governor to-morrow evening. According to the same circles, the Cabinet will consist of ten Ministers.

The budget session of the newly-formed Assembly will, it is learnt, meet on March 12.

KARNATAK CANDIDATES

BOMBAY, Thursday: Central Parliamentary Board of the Indian National Congress has nominated the following persons to contest seats for the Bombay Legislative Assembly from Belgaum District (Karnatak):

BELGAUM NORTH: M. P. Patil, K. A. Kulkarni and N. B. Dalavi.

BELGAUM SOUTH: S. N. Angdi, S. B. Kutre and A. B. Latthe.

The Board has cancelled the nomination of Mr. Hosmani from Dharwar North and has instead nominated Mr. Dundur to contest the election on Congress ticket from that constituency.

Other names from Dharwar District remain unchanged.

Regarding Bijapur South Constituency, the name of Mr. Sugandhi has been cancelled at his own request and Mr. Kanthi has been nominated to contest the election from that constituency on Congress ticket.

A deputation of fifteen prominent Karnatak Congressmen waited upon Sardar Patel at the Congress House this afternoon in connection with the selection of candidates for the forthcoming

(Continued on Page 5)

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DOUBLE-DEALING BY AUSTRALIA

CANBERRA, February 7. (Reuter): The Commonwealth is negotiating for the sale to the Dutch of equipment and small arms and ammunition left in Borneo, an authoritative source said to-day.

These negotiations are going on while the Government in Canberra is supporting Wharf Labourers' refusal to load arms for use against Indonesians.

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VOTE FOR KHEDGIKAR: CALL TO RAILWAYMEN

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The primary elections of 73 delegates by voters of the Railways' Unions Constituency takes place today from 8 a.m.

Every voter has one vote. The Congress candidate is Mr. R. A. Khedgikar. Railwaymen are requested to elect delegates who will support Mr. Khedgikar.

STOP PRESS

LAST CALIPH'S WIDOW COMING TO INDIA.

CAIRO, Feb. 7. (Reuter): Her Highness Atily Mahisty Hanem Effendy, widow of the last of the Caliphs Sultan Abdul Magid II is spending a few days in Cairo before proceeding to India where she will stay with her daughter Princess Durry Shahvar wife of Hyderabad's Heir apparent.

FAMINE IN INDIA.

LONDON, Feb. 7. (Reuter): Famines in India will recur; in fact India is to-day facing perpetual famine. This in a nutshell is the warning that Major-General Sir John Megaw, President of the India Office Medical Board, gave the India-Burma Section of the Royal Society of Arts in London to-day. He said unless something was done to decrease the birthrate in India the country would be heading straight for calamity.

Sir John Megaw suggested the appointment of a Commission chiefly of Indians, especially Indian women, to make a thorough inquiry into the wastage of life and economic depression in the country.

BR. WOMEN AND FOOD.

LONDON, Feb. 7. (Reuter): Declaring that they have been uncomplaining so far but will not take things "lying down", the women of Britain led by the British Housewives League will to-morrow hold a demonstration outside Central Hall, Westminster, where the General Assembly of the U.N.O. meets. They hope to impress on U.N.O. delegates the urgent need for more food for Britain and the difficulties of feeding the family.

Party Position In Frontier

PESHAWAR, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The following is the latest party position in the Frontier Province Legislative Assembly Elections:

CONGRESS ..... Ten
MUSLIM LEAGUE ..... Two
NATIONALIST MUSLIMS One

TORTURE OF POLITICALS

India Govt. Not Prepared To Appoint Committee Of Inquiry

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Sir John Thorne informed the House that he had no information what amount of reward, if any, was paid for the arrest of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain. Nor did he know how many officials were promoted to higher grades in connection with his arrest. They were matters of provincial concern. The Home member understood that Mr. Jaiprakash Narain was arrested on September 18, 1943 in a train between Amritsar and Lahore.

To a further question the Home Member replied that both Mr. Jai Prakash Narain and Mr. Ram Manohar Lohia enjoyed all facilities permitted by the United Provinces security prisoners rules.

Replying to Mr. Ahmed Jaffer the Finance Member, Sir Archibald Rowlands, said that India's sterling balance as on January 4, 1946 was 1,254 millions.

TORTURE OF POLITICALS.

Replying to Seth Damodar Swarup, the Home Member denied that a large number of political prisoners of the Central Government were tortured.

Question: Is it not a fact that among others, Jayaprakash Narayan, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Ramanand Mishra, Shilbhadra Yaji and Arvind Bose were tortured in the most inhuman way:—

Ans: No.

Question: Has the Home Member seen the statements issued by Shilbhadra Yaji and Arvind Bose and a copy of the letter addressed to the Prime Minister of the Punjab giving details of tortures by Shri Ramanand Mishra.

Ans: Misra was not a prisoner of the Central Government. I have seen the newspaper reports of the statements made by the other two prisoners.

Question: Is the Home Member prepared to appoint a committee to enquire into the allegations of torture?

Ans: No.

Seth Govind Das: Is it not a fact that the Government of India have a habit of denying allegations without any enquiry?

Sri Prakasa: Did Dr. Lohia deny during his recent interview with the Home Member, that he was kept awake for a long time during his interrogation?

Home Member: He made to me the same allegations he had made previously.

Mr. M. R. Masani: Have Government any reason to disbelieve these allegations?

The Home Member said that he realised the difficulty but as against Dr. Lohia's statement which was uncorroborated. There was the considered denial of the Punjab Government.

Resplying to another question by Seth Damodar Swarup, the Home Member said that 2,934 persons were in detention on Feb. 1, 1946 in all prisons.

COST OF I.N.A. TRIALS.

The cost of the various I.N.A. trials was the subject of a question by Mr. R. Venkatasubba Reddi. The Joint War Secretary said that the cost of counsel incurred upto the end of January 1946 was Rs. 20.220 and that of stenographers Rs. 6,625.

Sind Governor To Consult Viceroy?

SYED ON PARTY POSITION IN PROVINCE

European Group Holds Balance: Bechar's 'No' To League

KARACHI, FEB. 7. (API); Mr. G. M. Syed, Leader of the Assembly Coalition Party, met His Excellency the Governor this evening. His interview lasted for nearly one hour.

AWAITING GOVERNOR'S DECISION

Mr. G. M. Syed, soon after meeting His Excellency the Governor, conferred with Prof. Ghansham (Congress), Haji Moula Bux (Nationalist Muslim) and a few others at the residence of Hon'ble Md. Ali Shah, P. W. D. Minister.

Mr. Syed in an interview to the Associated Press of India said that he met His Excellency the Governor at 6 p.m. to-day and had about 40 minutes' interview with him. He discussed the political situation in Sind and the prospects of forming a stable Ministry by different parties. He assured His Excellency that his Coalition Party had a majority and that party alone was in a position to form a stable Government. He hoped His Excellency would soon come to a decision.

EUROPEANS HOLD BALANCE.

On emerging from the Government House, Mr. G. M. Syed looked very cheerful.

"All is well" was the cryptic remark of Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux, while another prominent member of the Coalition Party said that the formation of the Ministry by the Coalition Party was the only logical and inevitable course now.

These circles believe that the Governor may meet Prof Ghanshamdas (Congress), Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux (Nationalist Muslim) and Mr. Naraindas Bechar (Labour), to morrow or the day after. They claim that Mr. Naraindas who met Mr. Syed this afternoon, has assured Mr. Syed of his support. If this is true the Coalition Party can claim its strength as 29 members as against that Muslim League Party's strength of 28, with the European Group of three holding the balance. They point out that His Excellency the Governor would, however, like to know the attitude of the European Group before he finally decides.

It is stated the European Group's attitude may be made known by Saturday next.

Governor In A Fix

KARACHI, Feb. 7. (U.P.I.): It is gathered from quarters associated with the Premier that the Governor is in a fix, for he finds both the League Assembly Party and the Congress Coalition Party equipoised, commanding twenty-eight members each with three Europeans and one Labour member remaining neutral.

According to the same sources the Governor expressed that he cannot call upon anyone to form a Ministry unless His Excellency is assured that his Party consists of at least thirty members in a House of sixty, including the Speaker.

It is further understood that if the Party alignments do not undergo a quick change, the Governor might have to consult the Governor-General regarding the future course of action which may either be the dissolution of the House and ordering of fresh elections or enforcement of Section 93.

A meeting took place to-day between Sir Ghulam Hussain and Mr. Naraindas Bechar, Labour Member. It is reported that the Premier offered him a Ministership if he signed support for the League Ministry. Mr Naraindas is reported to have rejected the offer.

Later Mr. Naraindas met Mr. G. M. Sayed, but the result of the interview is not known.

Next President Of Congress

Election Date Fixed For May 16

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The election of the President of the Indian National Congress will take place on May 16, according to the revised dates intimated to the Provincial Congress Committee by the General Secretary of the Congress Acharya Kripalani.

The official announcement of the result is expected to be made on May 18.

Nominations in this connection will be received by the A.I.C.C. office till April 29, and they will be published on May 1.

April 12 has been fixed as the last date for the election of delegates to the annual session of the Congress and the election of the A.I.C.C. by the newly elected delegates will be on May 16.

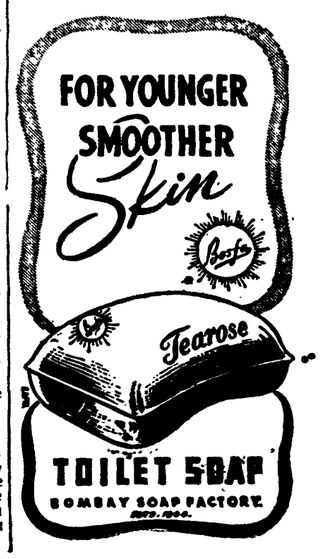
Congress Cabinet To Meet In Bardoli

SURAT, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi will be spending four weeks next month at Bardoli according to information received at Swaraj Ashram, Bardoli. It is also gathered that the Congress Working Committee will meet there during Mahatma Gandhi's stay.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is expected to visit Bardoli about the last of February for a couple of days. It is stated that Sardar Patel will stay at Bardoli during Gandhiji's stay here.

Supply Officer Caught Red Handed

MUZAFFARPUR, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): An Assistant Supply Officer of Hajipur district Muzaffarpur has been apprehended while in the act of accepting, it is alleged, illegal a gratification amounting to Rs. 5,000. A First Class Magistrate it is reported who had been deputed there to witness the transaction recovered intialled notes from the possession of the Officer.



Pretty Lady - stop and Listen. Use LISTERINE to make them glisten

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

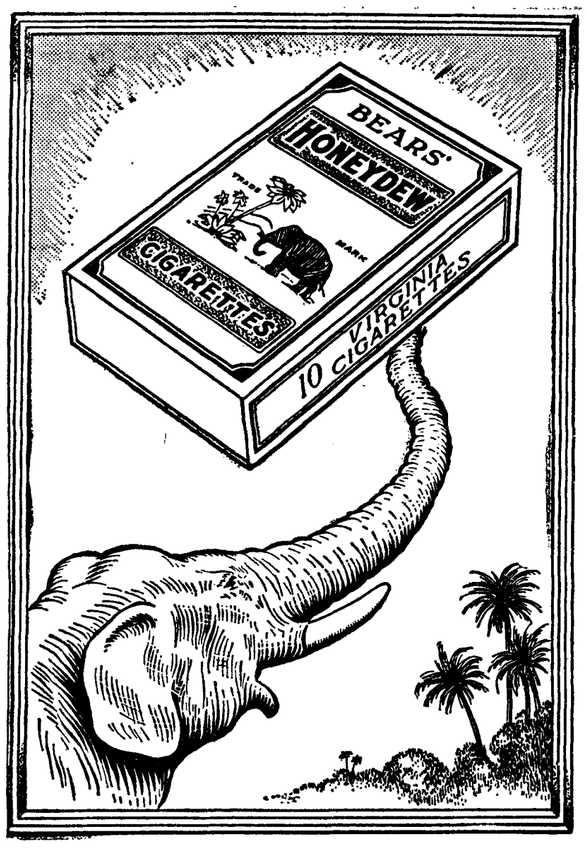
EMERGENCY COMMISSIONS IN THE INDIAN ARMY

RECRUITING STILL CONTINUES

Applications are still required from young men of good education to train for Emergency Commission in the Indian Army. These applications are in addition to those for the Regular Officer Cadre which has opened recently.

Under existing conditions, provided that he has six months' commissioned service on full pay and is otherwise eligible, an Emergency Commissioned Officer can apply for registration for a regular commission in the post-war Indian Army. Full details of the terms of service for Emergency Commissioned Officers can be obtained from any Recruiting Office.

M0.47



AS POPULAR AS EVER...

Bears' HONEYDEW CIGARETTES

3 ANNAS FOR 10

THOMAS BEAR & SONS. LONDON

H/159

CONTROVERSY OVER GREECE CLOSED

RUSSIA DOES NOT WANT FORMAL RESOLUTION ON SITUATION

Wants A Declaration By Chairman Of Security Council

LONDON, FEB. 6 (REUTER): TWENTY MINUTES AFTER THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL WAS DUE TO MEET AT 9 P. M. TONIGHT, ONLY A FEW MEMBERS WERE PRESENT INCLUDING NONE OF THE 'BIG THREE.'

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE BIG THREE WERE HOLDING A LAST MINUTE CONFERENCE IN THE PRIVATE ROOM OF M. TRYGVE LIE, SECRETARY GENERAL.

When the 'Big Three' delegates came in the Soviet Delegate M. Andrei Vyshinsky was smiling broadly. He exchanged smiles and a few words with the British Foreign Minister Mr Ernest Bevin.

The Council first completed election of 15 judges of the International Court of Justice by confirming the election of M. Bohdan Winiarski of Poland—the last judge elected by the General Assembly earlier.

GREEK QUESTION CLOSED

Mr. Norman Makin the Chairman then suggested that the Soviet allegation that the presence of British troops in Greece endangered peace and security might be disposed of by a statement by him in the following terms.

"The majority of members of the Council have expressed their views and in the Chairman's opinion it is the view of the Council that the presence of British troops in Greece does not endanger international peace and security and the matter should be regarded as closed. We should proceed to the next business."

M. Vyshinsky declared that the Soviet Delegation could not accept the Chairman's statement.

M. Vyshinsky said that the Soviet Delegation was willing not to press for any formal resolution on the situation arising from the presence of British troops in Greece and was ready to accept the following procedure. (1) The Security Council does not take formal decision or resolution regarding the situation in Greece. (2) The Soviet Delegation would be satisfied with a declaration made by the chair. (3) Declaration by the Chairman should state that the Security Council takes note of the declarations made by the Soviet Union, United Kingdom and Greece and also by representatives of the United States, France, China, Poland, Egypt and the Netherlands regarding the situation connected with the presence of British troops in Greece as registered in the records of meetings. The Council declares that the question is thereby closed. "This" said M. Vyshinsky with emphasis "is the minimum on which the Soviet Government would be in agreement and no other wording would be acceptable and we should object to any other wording."

Mr. Edward Stettinius the United States Delegate said he was prepared to accept the Soviet proposal without retracing the speech he had made in the previous discussion.

A brisk interchange took place between M. M. C. de Freitas Valle. of Brazil and M. Vyshinsky on the matter of procedure. M. Freitas Valle said that M. Vyshinsky was a very agreeable man and he was always pleased to talk to him even in public. M. Vyshinsky smilingly replied that M. Valle was not only an agreeable but a cheerful man but added he did not feel like making any jokes.

BEVIN NOT CLEAR

Mr. Bevin said he was not clear about the translation of M Vyshinsky's proposal and asked for a short adjournment to enable him to study the text more carefully. He promised not to keep them waiting two hours while he studied it. He was anxious for good relations with the Soviet Union.

The Council adjourned for half an hour to enable Mr. Bevin to study the English text of M. Vyshinsky's statement.

Senhor Freitas Valles intervention was to suggest that no one could dictate to the Chairman and object to M. Vyshinsky's proposal being made in writing.

M. Vyshinsky said "The delegate from Brazil indicated that no one can point out to the Chairman what he can say. This elementary rule was known to many even before the Brazilian Delegate drew attention to it.

I allowed myself to make this proposal because the Chairman had been kind enough to ask for the opinion of other Members of the Council. I thought my delegation would certainly not raise any opposition or feeling of misunderstanding in the mind of the Chairman. In view of the fact that I am defending the interests of my country that is the main thing for us."

Senhor Freitas Valles replied "My preoccupation was the same as M. Vyshinskys. Of course, we are here defending the interests of our countries but we are joined here by something in the interests of peace. I think there is no difference of opinion in view of M. Vyshinsky and myself but just the difficulty of translation."

CHAPTER CLOSED

When the Council resumed Mr. Bevin speaking with deliberation said "I am glad to note from the statement we have listened to that the original demands of Soviet delegation are no longer insisted upon; and since the delegations of the United States, Australia, France, China, Poland, Egypt, Brazil, and the Netherlands have declared their views that the presence of British troops in Greece does not constitute a situation likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. I am content on my part in a similar gesture of conciliation not to insist upon any formal resolution in regard to the matter.

"It is also the desire of my country that the unhappy incident in the relations between ourselves and the U.S.S.R. should be finally closed and that unity of action between our two great states and between members of the Security Council as a whole should be maintained and strengthened."

"This controversy between our two great nations has now been closed", Mr. Bevin continued. "I hope we shall remember the great efforts of Greece in the Allied cause and the tremendous sacrifice she has made and that Greece will now be able to devote her whole attention to reconstruction and creation of a stable democracy.

GREEK MINISTER WELCOMED

When the Council met after the adjournment and before Mr. Bevin spoke M. Constantine Rendis the new Greek Foreign Minister who took his place at the Security Council for the first time to-night was welcomed by the Chairman who invited him to take such part as he wished in the proceedings.

When Mr. Bevin had finished and after M. Vyshinsky had spoken of his desire to strengthen his friendship between Britain and Russia the Greek Delegation accepted the text proposed in the Council and said that his country has happy that accord had been re-established between the two great powers, who were both friends of Greece

M. Vyshinsky said that inspired by the spirit of co-operation the Soviet Delegation was willing to accept and support the text as put forward by Mr. Stettinius and they did not insist on any formal resolution. They had the same desire regarding relations between the Soviet Union and the United Kingdom that they should continue to strengthen and develop in the interests of co-operation between all countries and between all members of the united nations who had formed the young organisation.

M. Rendis said that the Greek Delegation accepted the text and expressed their happiness at seeing concord established once again between two great powers who for centuries had taken a lively interest in his country. The Greek people, he added, felt an equal respect and gratitude to the United Kingdom and the Soviet Union.

Mr. Bevin and M. Vyshinsky turned to each other and shook hands warmly. When Mr. Bevin shook hands with Mr. Stettinius and the three statesmen still clasping hands rose to their feet applauded by the whole Council and were warmly congratulated by M. Rendis on the happy conclusion of the debate on Greece.

The final text of the statement by the Chairman as read by him was "I feel we should take notes of the declarations before the Security Council of the representatives of the Soviet Union, United Kingdom and Greece, and also the views expressed by representatives of the following members of the Security Council: The United States, France, China, Australia, Poland, the Netherlands, Egypt and Brazil with regard to the question of the presence of British troops as recorded in the proceedings on the Council and that we consider the matter closed."

The Council adjourned till to-morrow afternoon.

POLICE OPENED FIRE TO SAVE CITIZENS FROM MOB

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Circumstances that led to the opening of gun fire on 23rd Jan. 1946, and the consequent injuries sustained by Inspector Butler were narrated today by James Alfred Scott, Deputy Inspector of Police (Dongri Section) at the inquest held over the death of Krishnaji Sakharama 70 year old man—a goldsmith living at Sandhurst Road.

Mr. Scott stated that on the 23rd of January at 1-30 P.M. information was received that a procession of about 200 persons passed through Sandhurst Road and after crossing Duncan Road refused to obey the orders of the Sub-Inspector of Police He immediately went to Bhendi Bazar with a police party including Mr. Butler. At that place the police tried a lathi charge on the procession. He along with Mr. Butler with ten police men armed with lathis went to Duncan Road to reinforce the guard to prevent any other procession from crossing Duncan Road.

At about 2 P.M. a procession of about 10,000 strong was coming down Sandhurst Road, shouting slogans, and carrying the Congress Flag. The Police party was drawn across the road and an appeal was made to the processionists to disperse as they were on an unauthorised route

POLICE OPEN FIRE

In spite of the remonstrances the processionists pushed on and threatened the police party. There was an uproar. The mob attacked the police. There was a general confusion and a lathi charge was ordered. The mob appeared to break up and stones and soda water bottles and other missiles were hurled at the police. Seeing that the lathi charge had no effect and that the lives of the innocent citizens and those of the police were in danger the police were compelled to open fire. Ten to fifteen rounds were fired.

PEOPLE STRIKE BACK

That appeared to have had a salutary effect. But within a few minutes the mob again collected and attacked the police. Two Military lorries were also attacked. One was set on fire and the other was damaged. The mob took complete control of the situation and out numbered the police. The Fire Engine was prevented from extinguishing the fire. So the fire engine had to withdraw. The Police were compelled to retreat to Bhendi Bazar.

POLICE RETALIATES

They had to open fire on several occasions. This went on for two hours two other police officers who arrived on the spot also fired two shots.

The mob then broke up and went back to Duncan Road. In the meantime one Fire Section arrived with the Superintendent of Police. When the mob began to throw stones, they used tear gas at about 5-15 p.m.

BUTLER'S LEG FRACTURED

Further reinforcement arrived and they were also stoned. Inspector Butler had his right leg fractured. He received 11 other injuries Another Military lorry was burnt at Parkland Road. Several policemen were also injured.

BRITAIN EAGER TO TRANSFER POWER TO INDIA

Cripps Deprecates Propaganda Against Labour Govt.

HUBLI, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.: Mr. D. Desai General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, who has returned from Copenhagen after attending the International Preparatory Maritime Conference, told that he had interviewed Sir Stafford Cripps while in London.

Giving an account of the interview, Mr. Desai said that Sir Stafford thought that the British Government were ever eager to transfer power to India as early as possible and that they were waiting for the election results of the Provincial Assemblies.

Sir Stafford very much deprecated the propaganda carried out in India against the present Labour Government in Britain, Mr. Desai added.

Burnol

THE HEALING ANTISEPTIC

Burnol is the ideal preparation for the treatment of all minor injuries and septic conditions generally.

Obtainable from all reputable chemists.

WHOLESALE INQUIRIES TO

BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. LTD.

P.O. Box 2070 CALCUTTA

P.O. Box 680 BOMBAY | Boots | P.O. Box 158 Br. COCHIN

THE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

(Gowalia Tank Maidan)

H. E. the Rt. Hon. SIR JOHN COLVILLE G.C.I.E., T.D.
Governor of Bombay

Will Open TODAY At 5-45 p.m.

The Exhibition is organised on an ALL-INDIA basis and all the Major Industries of the country are represented

There is also an Amusement Park.

Open Daily: 9 to 12 noon, 4 to 10 p.m.

Entrance Fee: Adults As. 4, Children As. 2

THE GWALIOR MAIZE PRODUCTS LIMITED

MANDSAUR (C. I.)

Can now sell in British India.

THE LATEST IN TEXTILE STARCHES.

STARCH-Thin Boiling STARCHES

Dextrines—Package Goods.

Applications will be considered for distributorships in British India from reputable firms having considerable experience in the line.

Where Money is Safe and Earning High IT IS BEST EMPLOYED

Invest with:—

CITY INVESTMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

Dealers in Land, Stocks and Shares.

Literatures free on request.

Head Office:—7, Swallow Lane, CALCUTTA.

Phone: Cal. 549 Gram: "COINS"

ATTACK THAT Cough AT ITS SOURCE

PECTUSYN soothes and lessens attacks of cough. PECTUSYN contains a basic antiseptic which disinfects the air passages and lungs; it aids free and easy breathing.

Also beneficial in Colds, 'Flu, Catarrh and Whooping Cough. Try a bottle today.

Pectusyn COUGH SYRUP

SYNTETIC (INDIA) LTD., Bombay 7.

Sole Distributors for Deccan: The Deccan Distributors, Laxmi Road, Poona 2. *For Central India*: The Central India Distributors, 44, Rambaugh Road, Indore City

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BOMBAY RACES

3rd DAY—SATURDAY,
9th FEBRUARY, 1946.

H. H. The Maharaja of Kashmir's Gold Cup,

The Colaba Cup,

The Bombay Arab Derby

DAY TICKETS:

1st Enclosure	Gentlemen	Rs. 3-0-0
	Ladies	" 2-0-0
2nd Enclosure		" 1-4-0

One per cent. Tote Commission will be donated to the Victory Thanksgiving Fund from the racing public and the R.W.I.T.C. will contribute an equal amount from its funds.

All N. C. O.'s and men of H. M.'s and Allied Forces in uniform will be admitted at half rates to the Second Enclosure only.

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

Digitized by the assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

Grand Anniversary Attraction

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Phone 22519

Here's a screenful of thrills, romance and music.....in 20th Century -Fox's most delightful musical extravaganza!

Rodgers & Hammerstein's
STATE FAIR
in Technicolor
Dana ANDREWS . Jeanne CRAIN
Dick HAYMES . Vivian BLAINE
20th CENTURY-FOX PICTURE

Also—Latest Movietone News
Free List Suspended

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
"STATE FAIR"
at EVENING rates.

NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Absolutely the Best Comedy in Town

Presented just for fun by EDWARD SMALL
DENNIS O'KEEFE
HELEN WALKER
JUNE HAVOC
EDDIE "Rochester" ANDERSON
GAIL PATRICK
MISCHA AUER
Directed by ALLAN DWAN
in "BREWSTER'S MILLIONS"
Released thru United Artists

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
ESPLANADE ROAD, PHONE: 31045
DAILY AT: 3-30:6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

2nd Fantastic Week!

He calls her 'TOOTS'... and her highness loves it!

HEDY LAMARR
ROBERT WALKER
JUNE ALLYSON
in M-G-M's
"Her Highness and the Bellboy"
A Royal Command to Love

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
"Her Highness And The Bellboy"
At regular matinee prices!

PRITHVI Theatres Present
TODAY (Fri. 8th) 9-30 a.m.
SHAKUNTALA NATAK

TOMORROW (Sat. 9th)
9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
Plans open—Usual rates
Royal Opera House

16TH WEEK!
Minerva's Mammoth Hit
EK DIN KA SULTAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

REGAL Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Phone: 35017.

Grand Double Attraction!
EPIC DOCUMENTARY
"BURMA VICTORY"
For 61 minutes you see how 14th Army Achieved Liberation of Burma!
Historic Film Without Histrionics!
Also:

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"TARZAN & THE AMAZONS"
Johnny Weismuller
& Brenda Joyce.

3RD WEEK OF SONGS AND DANCES!
Maheshwari Pictures'
Ragni
Starring: Smriti, Najam, Pran, Aruna, Gyani.
TAJ Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Distributors:
PEERLESS PICTURES
An L. P. Acharya Release

5TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK!
Jamuna Productions' Musical Gem
RATTAN
Starring: SWARNALATA WASTI, KARAN DIWAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
IMPERIAL
A Diamond-Select Release

GALA PREMIERE TOMORROW AT 4 P. M.
COMPELLING SOCIAL ARGUMENT!
KARDAR Productions' Soul Surging Social
SANYASI
Producer-Director: KARDAR
Music: NAUSHAD Songs: PT. MADHUR
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m. KAMAL
Sun. Holiday at 1 p. m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12: 3 to 6.
A Sunrich Release
Starring:
SHAMIM
Gulammohmed
Amar, Misra—

REWARD RS. 200

My son Radhey Beharilal has disappeared from home. He is 5' in height, having dark colour, wearing navy blue serge suit and red pullover. Anybody giving clue will be rewarded as above.

SHYAM BEHAREYLAL,
Advocate, Barabanki
(U. P).

6 SHOT REVOLVERS
NO LICENCE REQUIRED
AUTOMATIC REPEATER

An Automatic Repeater to frighten thieves and wild animals. Fires six shots without any trouble gives as loud report as that of real revolver and sparks at the time of shooting Useful for scating away wild animals and birds. There should be one in every house for emergency. No license is required. Price No. 7777 Rs. 6/8 with 35 shots free. No. 8888 Rs. 7/13 with 45 shots free, and No. 9999 Rs. 8/12 with 55 shots free. Extra 400 shots Rs. 5. Oil Rs. 1/4. Postage extra. N.B. The above prices are prewar.

ALLIED TRADERS LTD., (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

13TH HOUSEFUL WEEK!
EASTERN PICTURES'
ZEENAT
Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring: NOOR JEHAN
Plans open 5 to 6 p. m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
SUPER
A "Salma" Release

IPTA
TELGU GROUP, BOMBAY
Presents
MUNDHADUGU
(A Telgu Play)
(Age Kadam)
Rates Rs. 5, 2-8, 1-4-0
Tickets can be had at Andhra Mahasabha Kuveer Kunj, Parsee Colony Dadar upto Sat. 9th & at the Theatre on Sun. 10th
SUNDAY 10TH AT 10 A. M.
DAMODAR HALL
Poybawdi—PAREL

8th WEEK!
A THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS
in technicolor
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

8TH WEEK OF FUN!
TALWAR Productions'
ALBELI
Starring: RAMOLA
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.
CENTRAL

RANJIT'S
PRABHU-KA-GHAR
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Sun. Matinee 1-15
Royal Opera House

CAPITOL
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
'THIS GUN FOR HIRE'
with ALAN LADD
VERONICA LAKE
Thrill-packed Murder Mystery

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 7, 2002.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 5, 1365
Parsi: Shehrever 8, 1315.
Sunrise: 7-11 a.m.
Sunset 6-36 p.m.
Hightide: 03-48, 16-41.
Lowtide: 10-14, 22-13.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY: Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 5, at 7-51 a.m. (B.T.) i.e., 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) today at the Round Temple and go round with them in the Ward.

LOKAMANYA SEVA MANDAL: Public meeting at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) today on the Lal Maidan, Tulsidas Pada, Chinchpokli, to protest against the proposed levy of Sales Tax by Government. Mr. Govindrao Yeshwantrao alias Bhausahib Shinde will preside.

SHAKADWIPIYA BRAHMAN BANDHU: Surya Saptami Mohotsava (festival) to be celebrated from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m. today at Shri Surya Narayan's Temple (Panjrapole Lane, Madhavbaug).

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION: Inauguration of the Exhibition at 5-45 p.m. today at Gowalia Tank Maidan, Governor of Bombay to perform opening ceremony.

MEETING OF THE MUSSALMANS: Addressed by Maulana Abdul Bari at 7-30 p.m. today at Club pavilion of Dadar Union Sporting Club, Lakshmi Napoo Road, opp. Ramnarain Ruia College, Dadar.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Body and Astral Body" is the subject to be taken up for study at 6-15 p.m. today at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION DRIVE: Open space on the south of Gowari Village, Matunga at 6 p.m. today (F. Ward).

APPEAL TO SCHEDULED CASTE VOTERS: The president of the Bombay Scheduled Caste Federation has issued the following public statement: "Voters of the Scheduled Caste, in the Railway Labour Constituency, the primary election of which is to take place on Friday, the 8th February, 1946, are requested to vote in favour of the candidates supported by the Radical Democratic Party."

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: With immediate effect the rates for Ordinary Press Telegrams to Dutch East Indies have been revised to as. 7 per word.

TATA INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES: A lecture by Purshotam Tricumdas on a scheme for Adult Education in the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, at 6 p.m.

SARASWAT CULTURAL CENTRE: Inaugural meeting at 5 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday), in Sri Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo Road; also music concert by Prin. S. N. Ratanjankar of Lucknow, at 10 p.m.

SKIM MILK POWDER

The distribution of skim milk powder to permit-holders for the next period will be made in Bombay City from February 7 to 15 and in the Suburbs from February 7 to 11.

COCOANUT OIL

Cocoanut oil has now been made available to retailers of cocoanut oil in Bombay City and the Suburbs to whom quotas had been previously granted. The maximum retail price of cocoanut oil is annas eight per lb.

Gas Cylinder Explosion: 12 Affected

More than twelve persons including fire brigade servants affected by gas, as a result of gas explosion at Khetwadi yesterday, were treated at the Sir Hurkisondas Hospital. All the injured persons except 1 or 2 were allowed to go home after preliminary treatment.

PURNAPRAGNA SEVA SANGHA: Sri Madhwa Navami at Vani Vihar Vidyalaya premises, Matunga, on the 8th, 9th and 10th instant. Harikirtana by Venkobadas of Bangalore daily at 8-30 p.m. Lecture by M. R. Gopalachar on Sunday, the 10th inst. on "Madhwa and His Philosophy."

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS') ASSN. LTD.: The 35th annual meeting of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers') Association, Ltd., will be held today (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. in the office of the Association, 233, Shroff Bazar.

Elections And Examinations

The Gen. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Muslim League, writes:—

My attention has been drawn to the fact that the University of Bombay has fixed Monday, 25th March 1946, for the Examination of Inter Arts, Inter Science and Inter Commerce. That day having been declared as a date of the Election of the Mohammedan Constituencies in the Province of Bombay for the Legislative Assembly and as these Muslim Students over 21 years are voters for the Assembly, it is in the fitness of things that facilities should be provided to these students by changing the date of the Examinations particularly as the day is likely to be declared a public holiday by the Government of Bombay. I hope the University of Bombay will not deprive the students from exercising their franchise rights.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Feb. 8.

BOMBAY—I.

8 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Pramila Jadhav 8-45 Zeenat Begam 8-50 News (M) 9 News (G) 9-10 Programme Parade 9-15 Gangubai Hangal 9-45 Hindustani Songs.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Songs 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1 Naaten, Qawwaliyan Aur Khamse 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 2-30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast 5 Nalini Halady 5-15 Vasant Tendulkar 5-30 Balji C. Marwadi 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6 Dilipkumar Dholakia 6-15 Pramila Jadhav 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Nalini Halady 7 Music from film 7-15 Vasant Tendulkar 7-30 B. R. Deodhar 8 Amche Udyogdhande 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Balji C. Marwadi 9 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Shudh Kalyan 9-45 World Affairs 10 Gangubai Hangal.

R.I.A.F. MEN'S GRIEVANCES

Air Commodore Visits Bombay Camp: 800 Involved In Protest Strike

BOMBAY, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.): The Air Commodore, Bombay Area, visited the R.I.A.F. Camp this morning to enquire into the incident which occurred at lunch time yesterday, leading to a protest strike by the men of the camp.

It is stated that the men were in their billets at the time. The Air Commodore approached them in a spirit of cordiality and asked them to represent their grievances to him for consideration. The men, it is gathered, pointed out that a number of representations made in the past through proper channels had not evoked any response from the authorities. They told him, however, that they were prepared to make representations to the Air Headquarters, Delhi and to the Government of India.

800 INVOLVED

It is now learnt that nearly 800 men are involved in the protest strike,—refusal to take food in the R.I.A.F. mess. About 12 units of the R.I.A.F. including the Signal Corps, the Base Air Camp, and the Bombay University Air Corps which joined the strike today, are affected by the food strike.

The strikers of the R.I.A.F. camp in Bombay have demanded, it is stated, better treatment of Indian airmen by all Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, irrespective of caste or race. The other demands are: better service conditions, separation of R.I.A.F. organisation and funds from other Air Force organisations, war bonus, civil clothing allowance, temporary pensions and establishment of R.I.A.F. Associations in all leading towns and early and immediate release of those who want to be out of service.

As for the incident at the mess which occurred yesterday, the men of the R.I.A.F. have demanded an impartial enquiry into the affair.

Corporation's Tribute To J. B. Petit

The Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Thursday as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Jehangir B. Petit who died on Monday last.

Dr. Alban D'Souza, the Mayor, said that although the late Mr. Petit was living a retired life for the last few years, he was a leading personality in the commercial, social and cultural life of the City some twenty years ago. He was a member of the Corporation for about 30 years from 1901-1902 to 1931-32, member of the Bombay Legislative Council for 13 years and Fellow of the University for six years.

"The late Mr. Petit", the Mayor added, "was connected with several other public, benevolent and charitable institutions which found in him a keen and generous supporter. He took great interest in civics and those of us who knew him would remember his genial nature, his independent ways and liberal outlook."

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas then moved a resolution regretting the death of Mr. J. B. Petit, referring to his valuable services to the City, expressing sympathy with his family in their sad bereavement and suggesting that, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the House should adjourn without transacting any business.

Dr. D. N. Saher seconded and Mr. Suleman Darvesh, (on behalf of the Muslim League Party) supported the motion which was carried, the Councillors standing as a mark of respect. The House then adjourned till Monday.

Suit For Specific Performance Settled

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla)

Manchharam H. Ichhaporia .... Plaintiff.

vs.

Narayanrao B. Sao ..... Defendant

This was a suit for specific performance of a contract to sell an immovable property at Thakurdwar to the plaintiff. The plaintiff having insisted upon an order of the Court sanctioning the sale, the defendant had rescinded the contract. The plaintiff then filed this suit to enforce the contract of sale.

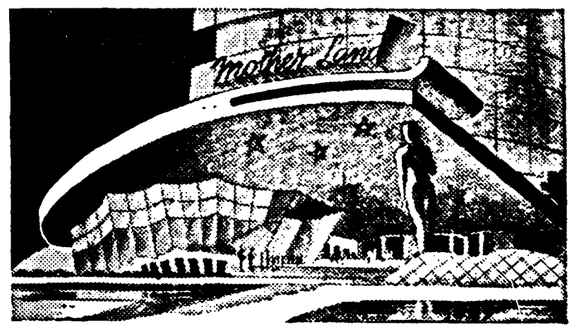
At the hearing, the parties came to terms. The unmarried daughters of the defendant were added as parties, Rs. 500/- were agreed to be set apart out of the sale-proceeds in full satisfaction of the rights of maintenance and marriage expenses of each daughter, and a consent Order was taken that the defendants should convey the property in question to the plaintiff or his nominee for the agreed price.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. M. D. Laud instructed by Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. H. J. Chinoy instructed by Messrs. Minocher Manchershah Hiralal & Co. appeared for the defendants

N. G. Karkal Sails For England

Narsing G. Karkal, who is in charge of the Engineering Department of Adrema Ltd. has just sailed for England for specialising in the manufacture of Bradma machines and accessories. Mr. Karkal completed the course of mechanical engineering of the V. J. T. Institute with distinction in 1938. He passed the First Class Engineer's proficiency examination under Bombay Boiler Act in 1944. He passed the Electrical Engineering Examination of the City and Guilds Institute in 1942 and is also a student-member of the Institute of Electrical Engineers.



THE THEATRE of Tomorrow...

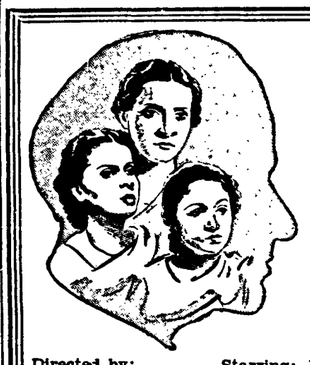
PERFECTION is the cry everywhere. And the usual cause of delayed necessary success the way to a flawless showing. Even the greatest engineering and scientific minds are confused by gradual improvement of sound and motion pictures. Only a step at a time, piece by piece, phase by phase, has come this world fame by unsurpassable pitch and clearness of motion and by completely stability of pictures and sound. In the machinery by which photographic plates and film and even motion pictures and sound and Nature's colours are reproduced beauty and harmonious, no flaw spoils the perfection of real comfort to which the performer is lowered in the theatre for enjoyment which someone holds for us.

RCA PEL

THE CHAIR THAT RELEASES YOU.....
THE SCREEN THAT ENCHANTS YOU.....

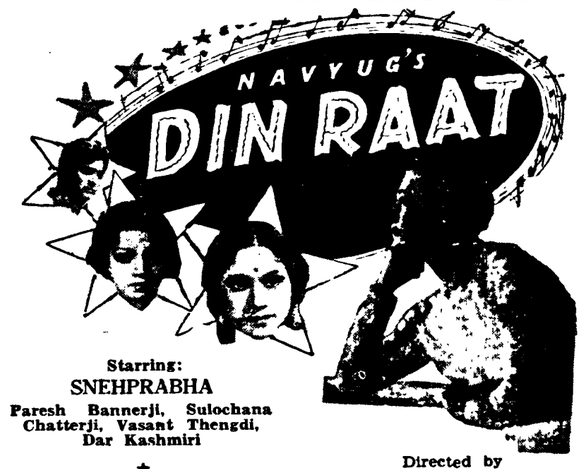
PHOTOPHONE EQUIPMENTS LTD.
BOMBAY . CALCUTTA . LAHORE
DELHI . MADRAS . KARACHI

...LET US PLAN IT FOR YOU!



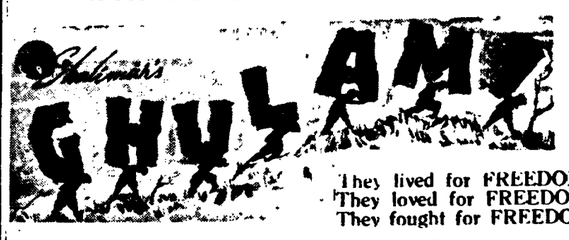
THE SOUL OF A CITY LAID BARE IN THIS POIGNANT TALE OF ITS SLUMS!
ASSOCIATED PICTURES' DARING SOCIAL
AMEEREE
Directed by: P. C. BARUA
Starring: BARUA, RAMOLA, JAMUNA, MOLINA, AHINDRA, MAYA BANNERJI
Story: P. SANYAL
Music: I. TAGORE
Plans open: 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6 p. m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.
An 'E.T.D.' RELEASE
TODAY 4 P.M.
LAMINGTON

ALL IS NOT WELL THAT ENDS IN A MARRIAGE—
...HERE IS A STORY OF A COUPLE TO WHOM MARRIAGE WAS A SIGNAL FOR TROUBLE



Starring:
SNEHPRABHA
Faresh Bannerji, Sulochana Chatterji, Vasant Thengdi, Dar Kashmiri
★
Story: ROY KINIKAR
★
Daily 4, 7 10. Sun. 1 P.M.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.
★
A 'Peerless' Release
Directed by
SHOREY DAULTALVI
★
TODAY 4 P.M.
KRISHNA

3rd GRAND WEEK
A PICTURE FOR THE INTELLECTUALS



They lived for FREEDOM
They loved for FREEDOM
They fought for FREEDOM
—/ PICTURE FOR THE PATRIOTS—
Matinee Sun. 1 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Book in advance
MAJESTIC
Radium Release

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Feb. 7. (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Nov. 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on Thursday:—

Ahmedabad 94 64 0 0 minus 0.2. Allahabad 83 53 0 1.0 minus 0.6. Baroda 99 54 0 0 nil. BOMBAY 97 69 0 0.4 minus 0.4. Calcutta 87 58 0 0 minus 1.5. Cawnpore 82 49 0 0 minus 1.3. Delhi 79 45 0 0 minus 1.7. Hyderabad (Dn) 91 58 0 0.1 minus 1.6. Karachi 79 60 0 0.1 minus 0.8. Lahore 78 47 0 0.1 minus 1.7. Madras 87 67 0 17.4 minus 3.5. Nagpur 94 65 0 0 minus 1.7. Patna 83 53 0 0.1 minus 1.2. Surat 100 66 0 0 minus 0.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Friendship grows by the strength of the heart. Therefore numerical quantity has no significance and this circumstance is enormously important for the present time when quality is the sole measuring rod.

—Nicholas Roerich

The Bombay Chronicle

WORLD TRADE AND EMPLOYMENT

We commented the other day on the proposals drafted and circulated by the U. S. A. Government for submission to a Conference in World Trade and Employment. The correct policy in our view which must be advocated before the projected international conference is called, must be based upon the principle that each country has a right to develop its own inherent resources and man power to the utmost possible, so as at least to supply its own markets from its own materials, and thereby provide its own employment to all its adult citizens. If, now, international trade is to be perfectly free, and Governed or regulated by the differences in comparative (money) costs, as the classical economists always proclaimed, the inherent right of each country to provide the utmost possible employment and develop to the maximum its resources will not be realised in face of competition from more efficient and highly advanced as well as organised units, like the United States, against relatively backward, undeveloped or inefficient units like this country. The proposals, therefore, will not be universally acceptable without question or criticism in all their aspects even if we oppose the system of imperial preference forced upon us by Britian, exclusive agreements, and much more so the practices of international combines or local trusts and syndicates, developed by the aid of fiscal protection for exploiting the local market by monopolistic organisation. While, therefore, welcoming the proposals made by the U. S. A. Government in so far as they may tend to reduce the exploitive force of devices like the British imperial preference, and prevent the growth of local monopolists an international combines or syndicates, we must point out that, for the projected conference to be a real success and substantial benefit to all concerned on an equal basis, there must be a real equality of treatment, and not only a superficial one for those participating in it. America, for instance, has a system of protection, not only in her customs tariff and practices of her great industrial trusts and syndicates; she has also reserved to herself the right to restrict immigration, and so prevent the surplus labour force from other countries flowing to the United States, with a view not only to improving the standard of living of such immigrants, but also to aiding in the development of yet unexplored resources even of the United States. While not a word is said on this point in these proposals, in sheer consistency America cannot take exception to the perfect freedom of movement for all peoples at all times over all the oceans and continents of the world. The Anti-Immigration Laws of the United States require, therefore a most drastic revision, even if not abrogated altogether, particularly if a comparable level of real economic prosperity and effective advancement is to be reached in all countries. For, it is a patent fact that, whereas certain countries of the world are intolerably overpopulated e.g., India or China, others are much too sparsely populated, e.g., the countries of Africa, Australasia or the Americas. Hence we have an unbalanced international economy, in which the spectacle of unmerited starvation is the daily lot of millions side by side with the immense resources remaining undeveloped in vast territories simply because of the lack of the necessary labour force. No doubt, it may be possible for overpopulated countries to improve the standard of living for their masses by internal adjustments and scientific planning of their own potential. But that will not achieve the maximum of the world's prosperity which it is possible to achieve if such artificial barriers are abolished.

It is not only the U. S. Anti-Immigration laws alone which have to be considered in the matter. The selfishness implied in such legislation has been copied by Australia, Africa, and other colonies of European stocks which further restricts the scope for this overdue adjustment on an international scale. If the U. S., moreover, in the name of the Good Neighbour policy, support other American countries, like Brazil, which have immense room for additional population, in their attempt to guard against an incursion of surplus labour from Asia on any considerable scale, no improvement in the standard of living in backward countries would be possible. Unless this aspect, therefore, of world trade and employment is to be fully considered at the Conference, that attempt will only be one-sided, wherein the more advanced, more efficient and better equipped countries will seek to make of the relatively less developed units a free field for fresh exploitation and new imperialism. We cannot but sound a note of warning against such a trend.

There is yet another point which the framers of the proposals seem never to have considered, but which people in our position ought not to ignore. As already observed, if improved trade is between real equals, the benefit may be mutual and well-distributed. But the distribution of the benefit should also be looked at from the point of view of the component members, within each unit. In other words, the demands of social justice, as between the classes that possess and those that are disinherited, are not at all considered in these proposals. Can we, then, consent to arrangements or devices which may only result in perpetrating internal inequalities for each unit? If two countries trade with each other, one of which is organised on a wholly individualistic basis, where profit-seeking is the governing motive and another which is socialistic, the ultimate distribution of the benefit from increased international trade will be unequal. For while in the former, the share of each several members of that community would be unequal, in the latter no question of social justice would arise, since the community as a whole is trading, and the benefit arising out of that trade will be automatically distributed equally, i.e., increased employment. It may not be any concern of international organisations that, within each unit member of such an organisation, the requirements of social justice are properly attended to. But that does not prevent those likely to suffer from social and economic inequalities from emphasising this aspect of increase in world trade and employment under existing conditions. The present Government of India may not aim at removing social injustice; but the National Government, when it is established, cannot overlook this matter.

Frankly Speaking

Monopolising Power

It cannot be said that the Government of India did not deserve the censure which the Legislative Assembly passed on it by means of an adjournment motion on the subject of the status of Indians resident in East Africa. The Government all these years has done precious little to safeguard the interests of the Indian community against the encouragement of their rights by the white planters and traders. The whites form an insignificant minority in point of numbers in comparison with either the Indians resident there or the Arab and other indigenous communities, and yet they have been monopolising all power and privileges of trade and industry, treating the non-Europeans as more or less undesirables.

Menace To Peace

With a view to consolidate their position they had been agitating for some years past for the union of the territories of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika under one administration and for a free hand for themselves to deal with the non-White communities. They have succeeded in achieving their first object under the scheme of inter-territorial organisation recently announced by the Labour Government in London, but they have raised a hue and cry over the proposal to allot to Indians a number of seats in the Legislative Assembly equal to that of those allotted to the Europeans. They are openly opposed to the idea of according an equal status to Indians along with themselves. They deliberately shut their eyes to the fact that, while this so-called equality of status is conceded to Indians in an unofficial capacity, the majority of the twelve official members of the Assembly, if not all are bound to be Europeans and, therefore, the Indian members of the Assembly will be nowhere in comparison with the Whites. The agitation of the latter is based on purely racial hatred and constitutes a menace to the peace of East Africa. The Government of India has so far shown itself to be too submissive to the dictations from Whitehall, but the time has come for it to assert itself and resist the aggression of the Whites. The Indian people cannot tolerate any longer the insults and humilitations heaped on their compatriots abroad. The Government of India must demand of the British Government that the Indian community in East Africa should be accorded a legislative status which is justified by their numerical strength and that in the executive government, too, they are entitled to a fair share.

Need For More Libraries

At the centenary celebrations of the Dhobi Talao Branch of the People's Free Reading Room and Library Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri rightly stressed the need for ample provision of libraries as an essential part of national construction. Sir John Colville, the Governor, endorsed this view but added that libraries are useful to a comparatively few educated people and that our primary educational problem is one of literacy. But whether libraries are useful to a few or many depends upon their nature, and without the use of libraries containing suitable books many literates may relapse into literacy. Moreover literacy is only a means to an end, a means of acquiring more knowledge through books and otherwise, and the full purpose of literacy will not be served without a due provision of popular libraries. An intelligently planned network of small travelling libraries containing simple books on health, hygiene and citizenship in general is worth all its cost and no progressive Government can afford to shirk it.

INDONESIA IN U.N.O. COUNCIL

Britain Charged With Flagrant Violation Of Charter

The Security Council of the U. N. O., having weathered its first crisis with the solution of the Anglo-Russian dispute over Greece, to-day moved on to consider Soviet charges regarding Indonesia.

High officials said informally that the Indonesian controversy might be "even tougher diplomatic nut to crack" than the Greek issue.

This was the first item on the Security Council agenda to-day.

INDONESIA'S DISAPPOINTMENT

LONDON, Feb. 7. (Reuter): Dr. Dmitri Manuilsky, the chief Ukrainian Delegate, declared in the United Nations Security Council to-night that the hopes of Indonesians that their right to self-determination would be secured by application of the principles of the Atlantic Charter had been disappointed.

He was speaking in support of his letter of January 21. This stated that military actions against the local population in Indonesia had been waged in which regular British forces as well as Japanese forces were taking part and that in the opinion of the Ukrainian Government this situation created a state of threat to the maintenance of international peace and security. The letter asked the Security Council to carry out the necessary investigations and take measures to end the present situation.

Unlike the Russian chief Delegate, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, in the case of Greece, Dr. Manuilsky did not raise the question of withdrawal of British troops from Indonesia.

Speaking in Russian, D. Manuilsky recalled the Dutch surrender to superior forces on March 9, 1942, and the Japanese occupation of Indonesia which he said did not differ from other Axis occupations. "For three and a half years the Indonesian people suffered under this occupation regime and with all the means at their disposal resisted the Japanese," he declared.

"The defeat of the Japanese by the Allies encouraged Indonesians in the hope that their national aspirations would at last be realised. The Indonesian people believed that the main principles of the Atlantic Charter on the right of Nations would be applied in this respect.

However, reality proved a different thing."

VIOLATION OF CHARTER.

Before stating this he did not intend to raise the question of withdrawal, Dr. Manuilsky said. "It is beyond any doubt that such intervention by British and Indian troops is in direct contravention of Article on Para Two of the Charter".

He added that the Ukrainian delegation realised that the presence of armed forces in some areas might be dictated by strategic circumstances.

Dr. Manuilsky had quoted newspaper reports of clashes with Indonesians following the landing of British and Indian troops, adding "these events could not fail to attract attention of public opinion not only across the water but also on the continent of Europe and in Britain". He referred to demonstrations in Australia against "the inadmissible treatment of the Indonesian people" and quoted speeches by British Members of Parliament which he said showed the opinion of the British people particularly about the use of Japanese troops.

Finally Dr. Manuilsky, suggested the creation of a special Commission to investigate the situation in Indonesia.

The United Nations Security Council adjourned to-night without taking any decision on Indonesia. The next meeting will be held on Saturday evening.

Soviet Claim On Turkey

LONDON, Feb. 7, (Reuter): Suggestions have been renewed in UNO Lobbies that Armenian and Polish Army questions will be placed on the Security Council's lengthening agenda, cables Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

On the other hand, there is a tendency among London observers to query whether the parties who have so far lodged complaints with the Security Council have got much satisfaction.

The main cause for this renewed speculation is the resurgence of Soviet propaganda for the inclusion of Turkish Armenian provinces of Kars and Ardahan within the frontiers of USSR and a recent article in the "Pravada" which referred to the Polish army in Italy commanded by General Wladyslaw Anders as a "real threat to international security". Of the recent Soviet pronouncements on the Armenian question the most significant is that made recently by M. Gregor Arutinoy, Secretary general of the Armenian Communist Party in which he categorically demanded that Turkey should hand over the two Provinces.

NO INCREASE IN PETROL QUOTA

BOMBAY, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The Government of India, it is learnt, have decided not to increase the present quota of petrol to both private car owners and owners of transport vehicles until the sanction of the British Government for an increase in the present quota is obtained.

NINE I.N.A. MEN HANGED, 27 DEAD IN CUSTODY

War Secretary's Statement In Assembly: Withdrawal Of Indian Troops From Persia By March 2

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.)

The War Secretary Mr. Philip Mason, replying to questions on the I.N.A. in the Central Assembly to-day said that about 19,500 Indian Army members of the I.N.A. had been recovered of whom 6,000 were in custody in India and 2,000 in South-East Asia. He said that the War Department were concerned only with I.N.A. personnel who belonged to the Indian Army and his reply did not cover civilian members of the I.N.A. Twenty-seven military members of the I.N.A. had died in custody. Two—Capt. Maghar Singh and Lt. Ajmer Singh—had died from self-inflicted gunshot wounds as announced in the press. Nine had been hanged.

TRIAL BY COURT MARTIAL

The number of those who had been punished as a result of Courts Martial, Mr. Mason said, was 27. Of thise 23 were convicted before the recovery of Rangoon. The punishments awarded included death, transportation for life, rigorous imprisonment, cashiering and forfeiture of pay and allowances. The charges included waging war against the King, murder, abetment of murder, grievous hurt and desertion in the face of the enemy.

Fifteen of them, the War Secretary said, were undergoing imprisonment. Approximately 11,000 had been released unconditionally. Four cases were pending before Courts Martial at present. He could not say how many more cases were likely to be brought to trial until the interrogation of all members of I.N.A. personnel was complete.

Mr. Sri Prakash (Congress) asked if the trials that took place were held publicly like the Courts that sat in the Red Fort.

Mr. Mason replied that when the trials took place. War was in progress and it was considered as an operational necessity not to disclose all facts about the I.N.A. The trials were held under the Indian Army Act and there was no essential difference between the trials held.

NO DISCRIMINATION.

Mr. Essak Sait (League): Is the policy of release general or is there any discrimination made with regard to the political organisation which defends these prisoners?

Mr. Mason: There is no discrimination, Sir.

Mr. Essak Sait: Can my Hon. friend say there has been no discrimination with regard to Capt Abdul Rashid.

Mr. Mason: There has been no discrimination. He was tried for brutality.

To further question the War Secretary replied that he would endeavour to answer them when he would speak on the I.N.A. resolution on February 11.

Seth Govind Das (Congress) asked if the three I.N.A. prisoners had been released unconditionally why should others be given severe punishments?

The War Secretary explained that Government's policy had been set out in the press communique issued on November 16. The trials referred to in his reply earlier were held when the War was going on and punishments given during the War were much more severe. At present a review of those punishments was being made.

Prof. Ranga (Congress) asked when and where were the nine persons hanged and what were their names The Defence Secretary asked for notice of the question.

Replying to Mr. Manu Subedar Mr. Mason said that the men tried were given the benefit of a defence counsel.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyengar suggested that the number or questions raised in the interpellations for which Government wanted notice could be collected and Mr. Mason could reply to those points when he spoke on the subject on Monday.

INDIAN TROOPS IN JAVA.

Mr. Ahmed Jaffer: Will the War Secretary state the proportion of British and Indian troops at present engaged in the Java operations.

Mr. Mason: I am afraid that I am unable to disclose the number of troops at present engaged in these operations. I can however, tell the Hon. member that at present Indian troops are in the majority as compared with British.

Sir Md. Yamin Khan (League) drew the War Secretary's attention that there was a policy or at least a convention that the Indian army would not be used outside India without the expressed consent of the House and it was on that issue that the Congress Party absented themselves from the House. He asked whether Government would pursue the policy of consulting the House.

Mr. Mason said that no decision to send out troops were taken but troops that were already out of India went to Java.

Mr Jaffer: Is it a fact that the Commander-in-Chief received orders from the Chief of Staff, London, in regard to sending of Indian troops Overseas?

Replying to Mr. Sri Prakasa who said that the Indian public very strongly resented the use of the Indian Army for the suppression of the Indonesian and the Javanese Mr. Mason said: "I cannot agree with the implication that the Indian Army is being used for the suppression of the Indonesians, but Government are aware of Indian feeling on this subject."

Prof. Ranga asked if Government had reconsidered the question in the light of his adjournment motion on the use of Indian troops in Indonesia which the House passed and whether any orders had been issued for the withdrawal of Indian troops in Indonesia.

Mr. Mason: No such orders have been issued.

INDIAN TROOPS IN PERSIA.

The War Secretary replying to Mr. Ahmed Jaffer stated that arrangements had been made for the withdrawal of all British and Indian troops from Persia by March 2, 1946. Mr. Mason declined to disclose the number of Indian Army personnel in the various theatres of War. He explained that Allied troops were in Persia in accordance with the terms of the tripartite treaty dated January 29, 1942 between Great Britain and the U.S.S.R. and Iran.

I.N.A. DAY.

The Home Member Sir John Thorne replying to Prof N. G. Ranga on the ban on public processions and meetings on the I.N.A. Day said: "The policy of the Government of India and, I believe, of all Provincial Governments is in general to permit the full enjoyment of civil liberties consistently with their responsibility for preservation of public order; and in particular to disperse crowds by force only when such a course is necessary".

DUMPING BR. SERVICEMEN ON BENGAL

Letter To Sarat Chandra Bose From London Friend

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7 (U.P.I.)—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, in a statement to the United Press of India condemns the policy of the Government of India and the Provincial Governments of importation of foreigners to fill in executive posts in the Indian services.

Mr. Sarat Bose says: "A friend writes to me from London as follows: 'Recently the Government of Bengal advertised in England for four Executive Engineers (Civil) on contract for five years. The qualifications asked for were: 1. Graduate in Civil Engineering; 2. One year's post-graduate training; and 3. five years' engineering experience in a responsible position. Age not less than 32 years. Salary Rs. 900 raising by biennial increment of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,000 p.m. plus £30 p.m. overseas pay plus passage for persons of non-Asiatic domicile. Provident Fund.

'Thirteen candidates—nine British and four Indian—were interviewed. The British were mostly demobilised servicemen. Not one Indian was selected.

'The Selection Board was very antipathetic towards Indians and the general desire was to offer the posts to demobilised British servicemen One member of the Selection Board—Mr. Harrison, former Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal—was particularly offensive and hostile.

'The Board seemed to be in a hurry to fill up the vacancies. My impression is that they were anxious to appoint British servicemen before a Ministry is formed in Bengal as a result of the provincial elections.'

"I cannot but share the misgivings of my London friend. Unemployment among British Servicemen is sought to be tackled by foisting them on this country. There have been broad hints already about the intention of the British Government in conjunction with the Government of India and dump demobilised British servicemen on this country to relieve unemployment at home. And the policy of the Government of Bengal seems to be in keeping with that move.

"Is it that there are no competent Indians to fill up the posts? Has any attempt been made to find competent men within the borders of Bengal? I only wish that the Government of India and the Provincial Governments were half as enthusiastic in the import of foodstuffs as they are in the import of white officers.

"The importation of foreigners has cost the country dearly. Discrimination against the sons of the soil can no longer be tolerated. The days are dead and gone when such arbitrary impositions and wanton humiliations could be taken by Indians lying down.

"To the people of Bengal, the Government of Bengal owe an explanation. And whatever their excuses, they would be well-advised to give up the policy of importation into and imposition on this country of so-called experts from England."

BORMANN IN PATAGONIA?

MONTEVIDEO, Feb. 7. (A.P.A.): A group of Argentine refugees, calling themselves "Association De Mayo", said in a Montevideo broadcast today that Martin Bormann, Hitler's deputy, had landed from a German U-Boat in Southern Patagonia.

Bormann was described as now living on a plantation in the province of Misiones.

The submarine, U-534, was scuttled by its crew after putting Bormann and other passengers ashore near port Rawson, the broadcast said.

"13 ARRESTS IN ALWAR"

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): In all 13 persons, including some prominent members of the Prajamandal have been arrested so far in Alwar, according to a telegram received by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru from Mr. Bhola Nath Maste, a member of the Alwar Prajamandal.

EVILS OF POWER POLITICS

Tiwari's Open Letter To Congress President

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 7 (UPI): Mr. Bhawani Prasad Tiwary, President of the Town Congress Committee, Jubbulpore, in the course of an open letter addressed to the Congress President, draws attention "to the evils of power politics in the Mahakoshal Congress circles which are cutting the very vitals of the organisation."

Mr. Tiwary contends that the District Congress Committee were gagged in the name of Congress Central Election Board from expressing any opinion on candidates though the Central Board never issued such a directive. He further alleges that Thakur Chedilal, President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee wrote a letter to the President of the Jubbulpore District Congress Committee instructing him to work for "old friends" and threatened in case he did not do so his future is not safe Since the President of the Jubbulpore District Congress Committee had courage of conviction and acted independently he has been thrown overboard, Mr. Tiwary alleges.

A saintly man like Mr. K. R Khandekar of Saugor, he adds, has been displaced "only because a man of merits is thought to be dangerous to the clique in power." He also alleges that tried and popular workers have been kept away because they are Maharashtrians and refers to the case of Mr. Tamasker of Drug and Dr. Sapre of Saugor although the Congress claims to be a non-communal organisation.

Mr. Tiwary further contends that one candidate was selected because he is the nephew of somebody. The proceedings of the Mahakoshal Board were kept secret with the result that candidates are denied the right to appeal and that Mr. Jagatram, Congress candidate, selected by Pandit Shukla left the Congress and joined the Hindu Mahasabha. "All this is not democracy. The people are talking of injustice and wrong done to them. If you and your Board cannot rise to the occasion to right the wrong who else can?"

Concluding Mr. Tiwary appeals to the Congress President to take such steps as he may deem proper before it is too late.

WHEN WILL GOVT. ENUNCIATE TARIFF POLICY?

Manu Subedar's Question In Assembly

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

Mr. Manu Subedar M. L. A. (Central) enquired in the Central Legislative Assembly as to when the Government proposed to enunciate their permanent Tariff Policy. Sir Azizul Haque replied that the matter was under consideration. Mr. Manu Subedar pointed out that such a reply was given twelve months ago on the same question and that industrialists all over the country were anxious to know the Government's decision on this point. The Indian Tariff System was unscientific and the same duty was being collected on raw materials and semi finished goods. Would the Government consider the appointment of a special committee to overhaul the tariffs or would the Government give wider powers to the Tariff Board now appointed to do this important work. Sir Azizul Haque promised to consider the issues raised and justified the delay in the Government's decision from the uncertainties of international economic situation. Replying to Mr. Manu Subedar, Sir Azizul Haque gave the information that the office of the U. K. C. C. had closed in India as from the 31st of Jan. 1946 and the British Ministry of Food were not exporting any food items at all from India in view of the distressing food situation in the country. The Government promised to consider the point urged, namely the stoppage of further export of groundnut.

INDIA AND BRETTON WOODS AGREEEMENT

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

Lobby circles are optimistic about ratification of Bretton Woods Agreement and one section claims that Sir Chintamani Deshmukh, at present Governor of the Reserve Bank be India's representative on the Bank and Fund.

The whole thing hinges on the future of Sterling Balances.

Lobby circles refer to the apprehension created by some statement made in Great Britain that these balances should be scaled down. It is felt that an unequivocal statement be made by H. M. Government that these balances shall be not scaled down, but be honoured within a specified time.

As for negotiations it is felt here that H. M. Government should declare when they would commence and a time-limit should be fixed for their conclusion. With these assurances there not likely to be any difficulty in the Assembly ratifying the Agreement.

The Articles of Agreement explain that main object of the international Monetary Fund, is to finance international trade which is about six per cent of India's total trade. It is therefore not wise to lock up so large an amount of money for such minor venture.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The allegation that Turks massacred Armenians is made in a letter to the Moscow magazine "New Times", the writer of which repeats Soviet Armenia's claim to the Turkish frontier districts of Kars and Ardahan.

—Reuter.

* * *

Sensation has been caused by Mr. M. A. Jinnah's statement on the sentence passed on Captain Abdul Rashid of the I.N.A. And we, too, demand his release.

If, however, you think that there is —er—room for improvement in the Qaid-e-Azam's indictment of, and summons to, the Commander-in-Chief, you obviously do not appreciate the basic issues involved.

* * *

Two items of news from the North-West Frontier Province:

(1) A propaganda lorry belonging to the Red Shirts was burnt down by some unknown persons and

(2) The ballot box of the Congress candidate contesting the Ruzzer Mohammedan constituency is reported to have been broken open.

The situation is well in hand, isn't it?

* * *

Some people seem to see a curious contradiction between Prince Liaquat Ali's earlier statement about the League forming a Ministry only where it is in an absolute majority and his latest from Karachi in which he supports a coalition with "non-Muslim" parties.

They are wrong, the misunderstanding arising evidently from the mistaken notion that the League has no absolute majority in Sind.

In fact it has. Twenty eight official Muslim Leaguers plus three Europeans equals thirty-one Muslim Leaguers. An absolute majority.

* * *

Karachi reports that the Muslim League Assembly Party in Sind has unanimously elected Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah as leader and Khan Bahadur Khuhro as Deputy Leader.

And rightly too. You see, they simply can't do without these two eminent and able leaders.

* * *

S. Sidappa Totappa Kambli, we are informed, is contesting the election for the Bombay Assembly as an independent candidate from the Dharwar north constituency.

We welcome his candidature. Sir Sidappa is eminently entitled to the inevitable result.

* * *

ATOM BOMBS WILL BE MERE FIRE CRACKERS

When Cosmic Rays Are Harnessed, Says Dr. Gill.

—Headlines.

All right. But who will be there?

* * *

The "Fighters for Freedom of Israel" organisation in Palestine is reported to have issued "a four-point declaration of war against British authorities in Palestine."

Appease, for Heaven's sake, Mr. Attlee, appease.

* * *

Fifteen hundred primary school teachers of Kaira have resolved to go on a one-day strike on the 27th February if their grievances regarding increase of pay is not met by the authorities concerned.

And the strikers will have the hearty support of the pupils, too.

Capital Issue Control

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7.—A Bill to continue the control of Capital issue is envisaged in lobby circles here. The control of Capital issue was instituted some three years ago as a part of the anti-inflation drive. The present intention is to make it a permanent feature of India's Economic fabric. In future the control is to be designed to canalise the investments into definite planned channels and check as far as possible the role of speculators. The Finance Member is expected to refer to this question in his Budget. I may add that in the statement of industrial policy published in April last the Government had definitely declared its decision to continue capital issue as part of its industrial development policy.

APPLICATION FOR ISSUE OF "WRIT OF MANDAMUS"

Returning Officer Refused S. C. Candidate's Petitions

MADRAS, Feb. 7 (API): At the Madras High Court this evening, Mr. Justice Kunhi Raman admitted an application for the issue of a writ of mandamus' filed on behalf of Mr. S. Shanmugam Pillai, one of the Scheduled Caste candidates who had filed his nomination for the Madras City South Central Constituency, for election to the Provincial Assembly, but whose name was not included by the Returning Officer in the primary panel.

The petitioner in his application to the High Court stated that subsequent to the Returning Officer's declaration on February 1 announcing the primary panel in which his name did not find a place, he had presented a petition to the Returning Officer on February 3, for reconsideration of his case. But the Returning Officer had rejected it, on the ground that it did not conform to election rules, which prescribed that petitions should be accompanied by a deposit fee of Rs. 250. On February 4 the petitioner had submitted another petition with the required deposit of Rs. 250; but this was also rejected by the Returning Officer as he had already dismissed the original petition on February 3 for non-compliance of election rules and hence was not competent to receive the deposit and entertain the petition.

As against this rejection by the Returning Officer (the Collector of Madras in the present case), the present application was filed in the High Court for issuing a direction to the Returning Officer to receive the application and to dispose it of on its merits.

Taking the application on his file, His Lordship directed the issue of notice to the respondents returnable on Friday February 8.

Enough Of Governor's Rule Under Sec. 93

Kripalani On Why Congress Is Accepting Office In Provinces

MADRAS, February 7. (A.P.I.): Addressing a press conference, Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, said that they could not allow Minority Parties to function as Ministries representing the people and pretend to be Popular Ministries. Nor did they want people to be ruled by Section 93. They had enough of the Governor's rule under that Section. That was why they were accepting office in the Provinces. While in office, they could at least prevent mischief and further deterioration in the situation.

PERIOD OF GREATEST DANGER

"It is quite possible for us to get our liberty in a short time, but that is also the period of our greatest danger," said Acharya Kripalani, addressing a select gathering of Indian Students Congress workers this evening at the office of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee. A wrong step at this stage would mean the loss of all that they had, he added.

BUILDING UP THE NATION

Mr. Kripalani said the whole nation had to be constructed, and if that constructive work was not carried on properly, revolution would be the result, which would lead to dictatorship or another foreign rule. In that case they would have to fight again for the establishment of democracy. So along with their fight they had to go on with reconstruction also, and for that Mahatma Gandhi had placed before them the constructive programme which he urged the audience to follow.

PASSING FASHION

Answering a number of questions he referred to the "Jai Hind" slogan with which he was greeted and said that the students were amenable to passing fashions. If he had come to Madras three months ago before the INA trial, they would have greeted him with Vande Mataram. If unfortunately, the INA had chosen to change the colour of the national flag, he supposed the students would also have had a new flag.

Though "Jai Hind" was a very sweet slogan, Mr. Kripalani said, it showed frivolity of character if it was adopted in place of "Vande Mataram."

Acharya Kripalani and Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani who arrived in Madras this evening by air from Allahabad left for Tiruppuraipundi in Tanjore District at night. Mr. Kripalani will inaugurate the Conference of the Tamilnad Students' Congress at Madura on Feb. 9. During their short stay in the city, they called on Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and had a talk with him for some time.

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WALKOVER FOR TWO CONGRESSMEN FOR BOMBAY COUNCIL

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.)—Messrs. Chandulal Bhikabhai Satya (Congress) and Maganbhai Bhikhabhai Patel (Congress) were declared elected unopposed to the Bombay Legislative Council from the Kaira-cum-Ahmedabad Constituency. They were the only candidates to file their nomination papers today.

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Nairobi Editor Jailed

NAIROBI, Feb. 7. (Reuter): The Editor of Nairobi's Indian weekly, "Colonial Times" was to-day sentenced to four months' hard labour for publishing a letter in Gujerati entitled "British Belsen" which referred to conditions in India.

A similar sentence was passed on the Indian writer of the letter. The Printer, another Indian, was sentenced to pay £10 fine or undergo one month's imprisonment.

On another charge of seditious publication, the Editor was sentenced to pay a fine of £50 or undergo three months' hard labour.

League To Join Food Delegation

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The Muslim League Party in the Central Assembly has accepted the Government's invitation to join Sir Jwala Prasad Srivastava's Delegation to visit London and Washington to present India's case for increased import of foodgrains to meet the shortage of three million tons. The Party has decided to depute two prominent Muslims whose names will be announced later.

In Jhansi

JHANSI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): A. G. Kher (Congress) sitting member, and former Parliamentary Secretary, U P. Government, was declared unopposed to U. P. Assembly from Jhansi-cum-Etawah-cum-Farrukhabad Urban General Constituency. Shiva Jya Prakash, another Congress candidate withdrew his nomination.

Muslim Women's Seat

LUCKNOW, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Nomination papers of four women candidates for the Lucknow City Mohammadan Constituency were scrutinised today by the returning officer. Begum Wasim (Muslim League) withdrew, while the nomination paper of Begum Wahidul Hasan (Sunni Board) was rejected. This leaves Begum Maulana Mohammad Ali (Muslim League) and Begum Basnwarat Husain (Nationalist) in the contest.

In Orissa

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): The Orissa Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board has announced the names of the four official Muslim League candidates to contest the elections for the Orissa Legislative Assembly on the Muslim League ticket.

South African Indians Planning "Mass Resistance"

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): Seth Govind Das, M.L.A. (Central) has received a telegram from the Natal Indian Congress expressing disappointment at the "weak and evasive" attitude of the Government of India in regard to the new Bill affecting Indians in South Africa.

The telegram says that they in South Africa are planning mass resistance, and asks the Government of India to press for a Round Table Conference with the South African Government.

The Natal Indian Congress, adds the telegram, is sending a delegation to India in a fortnight's time.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7 (Reuter): A state of emergency has been declared in New York City last night by Mayor William Odwyer after refusal of tugboat men to return to work. The Army and Navy have been asked to man harbour tugs and street lighting has been dimmed to save fuel.

DEPOSITION OF REWA RULER

Viceroy Disallows Motion For Adjournment Of House

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): The Governor-General disallowed two adjournment motions. One of them, tabled by Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqui (Muslim League), sought to discuss "the failure of the Government of India to take action against the orders issued by the Government of the Punjab empowering District Magistrates to sanction prosecution of persons invoking divine displeasure if their votes in the coming elections were not cast in a certain manner, thereby interfering with the religious belief of Mussalmans guaranteed to them in the Proclamation of Queen Victoria."

The other motion, tabled by Seth Govind Das, sought to discuss the deposition of the Maharaja of Rewa.

CONGRESS SWEEPS THE POLL

(Continued from Page 1.)

election to the Bombay Provincial Legislative Assembly from Karnatak.

The deputationists included Messrs. M. P. Patil and K. S. Nesvi, former Parliamentary Secretaries, and Mr. C. J. Amle, General Secretary and Mr. V. V. Patil, Joint Secretary, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee respectively. They requested Sardar Patel to approve of the original recommendations of the Provincial Parliamentary Board.

POONA INQUIRY

"An enquiry was held", says a communication from the Central Parliamentary Board of the Indian National Congress "into the allegations that Mr. Ghorpade who has been selected to contest the election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Poona City Constituency, on Congress ticket had written letters to the Collector of Poona before August 9, 1942, declaring his loyalty to the Government and his support to the war effort.

"The matter was examined by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Shankerrao Deo on the material placed before them. They came to the conclusion that the letter purported to have been written by Mr. Ghorpade was fabricated and his name as a Congress candidate to contest the election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Poona City Constituency has been confirmed.

MRS. PANDIT ELECTED

CAWNPORE, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.)—Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, former Minister, Local Self-Government, U.P. (Congress), was returned unopposed to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from the Special Women's Constituency—Cawnpore District (North-west), Mrs. Tarawati Agarwal, the second string of the Congress from the same constituency, having withdrawn her candidature this morning.

Other Congressmen who have been returned unopposed are Mr. Venkatesh Narain Tewary, former Parliamentary Secretary, U.P. Government (Congress), from Cawnpore District (North-West), Mr. Ram Swarup Gupta from Cawnpore District (South), and Mr. Ganga Sahai Chaube from Cawnpore District (West).

Dr. Jawaharlal Rohtagi (Congress) is being opposed by Mr. Dhani Ram (Radical) in Cawnpore City Constituency.

Sherwani Unopposed

LUCKNOW, Feb. 7, (A.P.I.): The first success of Congress in securing a Muslim seat has been registered in the Etah-Manipuri Rural Constituency where Mr. Nisar Ahmad Sherwani, the Congress nominee has been left without a rival because of the nomination papers of tse two League candidates having been rejected.

The nomination papers of Mr. Abdul Ghani Ansari, the League candidate for the Azamgarh District (West) Constituency were rejected. This leaves Mr. Saah Ishaq and Shah Faiz Mohammad both nationalist Muslims, in the field. One of them is likely to withdraw to-day.

Following are further names of Congress candidates elected unopposed: Mr. Dwarka Prasad Mauriya, Mr. Birbal Singh, Mr. Dip Narain Verma, Shrimati Vidyavati Rathore and Mr. Babu Ram Varma.

RANJIT SINGH TO CONTEST ORISSA ELECTIONS

CUTTACK, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.): Mr. Ranjit Singh, who came to Calcutta yesterday by Air from England in an R.A.F. aircraft on priority passage arranged by the Air-Ministry, has applied to the provincial election officer for being enrolled as a voter. He is contesting the Orissa Assembly Elections from East Bargarh Constituency.

Mr. Ranjit Singh has served in the R.A.F. as a leading aircraftsman for nearly five years during the war and is a brother of the Raja Sahib of Bora Sambar. He has been taken as a Congress candidate.

Kazi Elected

BELGAUM, Feb. 7, (A. P. I.): Mr. Aziz Gafoor Kazi (Muslim League) being the only candidate will be declared elected unopposed to the Bombay legislative Council from the Southern Division Mohammadan Constituency tomorrow.

ELECTIONS TO ASSAM COUNCIL

SYLHET, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Mr. Benodelal Das, Congress Nominee, has been elected unopposed to the Assam Legislative Council from the Sylhet East General Constituency. Dewan Muhammad Azraf Choudhury and Khan Bahadur Rahim Choudhury Muslim League Nominees have also been elected unopposed to the Assam Council. They will represent the Surma Valley North-West Muslim and the Surma Valley South-West Muslim Constituencies respectively.

New Code For Ismailies

Aga Khan's Supreme Council For Administration Of Justice

BOMBAY, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.)—His Highness the Aga Khan has announced the new Rules and Regulations of his Supreme Council for India for carrying on the work of administration of justice among his followers.

The announcement was read by Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, Chief Vazir of His Highness and President of the Council at a meeting of the Shia Ismaili community today.

Part one of the scheme of new rules and regulations of the Supreme Council consists of Substantive Law which is applicable to all Councils and Jamats throughout India. Part two contains model rules and regulations for the Supreme Council and Provincial Councils. His Highness has changed the name of the Supreme Council for India to H.H. the Aga Khan's Federal Council for India, which assumes its functions immediately.

According to the new rules, all appeals against a local Council will lie to the Supreme Council. Appeals against the Supreme Council will lie to the Federal Council. Only appeals against decisions of the Federal Council for India will now lie direct to His Highness the Aga Khan.

Commercial Communistic Philanthropy

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Discussing the ceremony on March 10 in Bombay, when he would be weighed against diamonds, in celebration of the diamond jubilee, of his imamate of Ismaili's, His Highness the Aga Khan to the Associated Press of India:—"I very grateful and very proud and happy that my followers, the Ismailies, both in India and in Africa, have decided to show their appreciation of me in this unique way, and I am especially happy that by means of this the Ismailis as a community are building up something new

"In Africa, it is to be called 'investment trust' with one and a half million pounds sterling from diamonds and from subscriptions. In India, it is to be called the 'industrial trust', with a crore of rupees from the diamonds and from subscriptions. There is nothing new in an industrial trust or in an investment trust—but this is new in the sense that a great part or what will come in, will not go into the pockets of the shareholders of the trusts but will be used for the uplift of the Ismailis."

H. H the Aga Khan concluded: "If one community can do it, probably, others will follow suit, and if it is successful it may start a new process for all similar units in India, both Hindus and Muslims. It is what I call 'commercial communistic philanthropy.'"

BRITAIN'S "NO" TO AMERICA

Hitch Over Trans-Atlantic Service Clause In Civil Aviation Agreement

LONDON, Feb. 7 (Reuter).—The British Cabinet has decided not to approve for the time being the draft Anglo-American Civil Aviation Agreement referred to the two Governments by the recent Bermuda Conference, according to well-informed political quarters here.

It is understood that objection has been raised to the Clause in the draft which allows American Companies who operate the Trans-Atlantic services with exceptionally large planes to continue their services based on Britain, and be entitled to book and carry passengers from Great Britain to Europe and 'vice versa' in addition to those passengers who are merely continuing their Trans-Atlantic passage.

The British view is believed to be that such arrangements could turn Britain into nothing short of an advanced air base for United States Civil Aviation without any visible limits of extension. To this the Labour Cabinet is believed to have said "No" in the firmest manner.

A serious view is taken in political quarters of this development particularly in relation with the loan discussion in the United States. According to well-informed political sources, it was even suggested to the British delegates during discussion that a British agreement to the disputed Clause might facilitate passage of the Loan Bill through Congress.

In view of the general economic situation at present, Government circles apparently do not want to be caught unprepared should the Loan fail to pass Congress or does so in a form that would not be acceptable.

It is believed that the Cabinet may shortly consider calling the Dominions and other nations of the Sterling Bloc into consultation in order to tighten relations within the Sterling areas to meet the contingency of a sudden breakdown of the Loan.

It is, however, felt that the hitch in the Civil Aviation agreement need not lead to all this and that an agreement should be possible.

REGULAR AIR SERVICES

BOMBAY, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Arrangements for the resumption of air services between Bombay, Kathiawar and Cutch by the Air Services of India have been completed and regular services will commence shortly.

DEMAND FOR BETTER WAGE AND SERVICE CONDITIONS

Central Assembly Censures Govt. Treatment Of Postal Employees

NEW DELHI, February 7. (A.P.I.): The Assembly to-day passed without a division Mr. N. V. Gadgil's adjournment motion to discuss the "imminence of a general strike in the Posts and Telegraphs Department in pursuance of the decisions taken by certain Unions".

MAIN DEMANDS

Moving the adjournment, Mr. Gadgil said that the main demands of the Unions related to revision of scales of pay, working conditions, retrenchment and pensions. While the profits of the Department for 1945-46 were expected to total more than Rs. 10 crores, most of the employees of the Department were either in the hands of the "violent pathan" or the "non-violent marwari." Mr. Gadgil urged that the salaries of the employees should be restored at least to the 1927-28 level and given a dearness allowance of 66 per cent to neutralise the effect of war conditions.

Mr. Mohd. Nauman (Muslim League) said that the Posts and Telegraphs Department was the only Department which had earned a reputation for honesty and integrity. "If you do not encourage these people, it would mean that you encourage only those who have been dishonest", he said. Mr. Nauman urged that increased dearness allowances should be sanctioned with effect from 1939 or at least 1940.

CONSULT UNIONS

Lt. Col. J. C Chatterjee said that the work of the Posts and Telegraphs Department had been excellent in recent years. There were, however, a few defects which the Department had to remedy. The Delhi Telephone system, for instance, was not working efficiently and he disapproved of the "commissions" which he said villagers paid to postmen on money orders. The latter practice, he hoped, would stop when the employees of the Department received increased dearness allowance.

Mr. S. Guruswamy, President, All-India Railways Federation, said that the Government was ashamed to reveal the recommendations of the Krishna Prasad Enquiry Committee which investigated the condition of Posts and Telegraphs Employees in 1944.

Mr. Guruswamy asked Government not to provide employment for ex-servicemen at the cost of the present employees "If you want to give employment to ex-servicemen do so in regard to future vacancies both by expanding the post-war activities of the Postal Department and by taking Unions into your confidence to consider alternative methods of employment. Until you do so, it would be premature on the part of this Department to send away from employment a single employee. If you do so, you will be liable to be tried one day for the crime of forcing unemployment of loyal workers of this country."

DEPLORABLE CONDITIONS

Mr. Lahiri Chowdhury, President of the All-India Postal Union, said that the condition of Postal employees was deplorable and if they decided to strike as a last resort to redress their grievance, the responsibility would be that of the Government.

Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan suggested that no Government servant should receive a basic pay of less than Rs. 50. She drew particular attention to the low scales of pay given to village Postmasters and Runners and asked whether it was Government's policy to encourage dishonesty deliberately.

BEWOOR'S APOLOGIA

Sir Gurunath Bewoor, Posts and Air Secretary, replying for Government, said there was no great fear of immediate retrenchment in the Department. He said that the permanent staff in the Department numbered 1,60,000; temporary staff about 25,000; men sent on military service 2,170. The total number of men who might be discharged from the temporary staff would be 6,500. Even this number would not be retrenched in a day or a month, but would be spread over a long period; and the discharged personnel would have first preference for inclusion in the Department's annual intake of 3,000, due to retirements, discharges, deaths or resignations or creation of new posts. In addition to this, the Department had a large programme of postwar expansion involving new posts. The net result, he reiterated, was there was no great fear of immediate retrenchment.

FOOD AND COMMUNICATIONS

Sir Gurunath repeated his announcement of the decision to appoint a predominantly non-official committee to examine the whole range of Government salary, particularly minimum salary. He indicated Government's intention to set up machinery to provide means to ensure that disputes such as that under discussion now were not taken to a stage at which threats of strike were made. He stated that Government intended to examine sympathetically the various suggestions and demands made by the Unions. He considered it would be entirely unjustified for Unions to take desperate action and he hoped that members of the House would support Government. The food position being what it was, not one in the House he thought, would like any upset of the communication system in the country.

IMMEDIATE ACTION NEEDED

Mr. Frank Anthony sounded a warning against changing the undertaking to reserve for ex-servicemen 70 per cent of permanent vacancies during the war. He had recently travelled throughout India and he had noted serious and widespread feeling of unrest among employees of the Department. He was not against a comprehensive enquiry into salaries, but he urged Government to make some concession immediately to the lower paid staff.

The Assembly passed the motion without a division and adjourned till tomorrow.

Assembly Discusses Insurance Act Amendment Bill

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7 (A.P.I.)—The Assembly took up the Commerce Member's motion for consideration of the Insurance Act Amendment and had not concluded the debate when the adjournment motion regarding the threatened strike of Posts and Telegraph personnel was taken up.

Sir Md. Azizul Huque explaining the main features of the Bill said that firstly it sought to ensure for the separate investment and earmarking of life insurance funds. Secondly the bill proposed to raise the life insurance funds, to an amount equal to the liabilities under life insurance policies before an insurance company might be permitted to undertake any other case of insurance business, namely, fire, accident and marine. Thirdly the bill provided that unpaid-up share capital shall not be taken into account in determining the solvency or otherwise of an insurer or provident society. Fourthly any company against whom payment of claims was outstanding might be debarred from securing any new life business before it was able to pay off their claims.

Other features of the Bill included the provision of facilities for amalgamation and transfer of business of Provident Societies as between themselves, with the sanction of the Superintendent of Insurance, and without resorting to heavy expenditure in a court of law. Provision was also made for the removal of the condition that the Superintendent of Insurance shall be a qualified actuary.

The Commerce Member explained that there were about fifteen actuaries in India and it was not possible to get a Superintendent with actuarial qualifications. The present Superintendent Mr. L. S. Vaidyanathan would be relinquishing his post by March. The House would not desire to import a Superintendent with the requisite qualifications from abroad. He was advised by best insurance opinion that the time had come when with actuarial assistance under the Superintendent of Insurance it should be possible for the Superintendent to administer the act even if he himself were not an actuary.

ANOTHER AMENDING BILL

The Commerce Member said that another amending bill incorporating the recommendations of the Committee under the Chairmanship of Sir Cowasji Jehangir would be introduced at an early date.

Mr. Ahmed Jaffar moved for the reference of the bill to a Select Committee with instructions to report by the end of February.

Mr. Manu Subedar welcomed the bill and supported its reference to a Select Committee.

Mr. Chapman Mortimer (European Group) said his group would not press for the bill to be referred to a Select Committee but would, however, point out that on this occasion there was to be only one member of his group in the Select Committee while on the last occasion there were two members.

NATIONALISE INSURANCE

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar (Congress) urged Government to try to nationalise insurance companies as far as possible. In any case, they should at least try to convert all private companies into mutual companies during the next ten or fifteen years. It should also be made obligatory on all insurance companies whether incorporated in India or abroad, to keep 75 per cent of their assets in this country.

FRANK ANTHONY'S CENSURE MOTION

Mr. Frank Anthony has given notice of an adjournment motion, "to censure the Government on the action of the Railway authorities in ordering the compulsory re-enrolment of Anglo-Indians in the Auxiliary Force."

JOINT HIGH COURT FOR DECCAN STATES

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.):- The Joint High Court of the Deccan States will start functioning from March 1, 1946 and Sir H. V. Divatia Retired Judge, Bombay High Court has been appointed the First Chief Justice of the High Court. Rao Bahadur V. N. Deo and Mr. Y. N. Nadkarni, Retired Judge, Small Causes Court, Bombay are the other Judges appointed.

R. I. A. F. MEN ON STRIKE BUT NOT ON HUNGER-STRIKE

P. R. O. On Origin Of Trouble

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The 600 men of the R. I. A. F., who went on hunger-strike yesterday as a protest against the insulting remarks of their Camp Commander, did not take their meals at the canteen on Thursday. But went round the city in "mufti" to different restaurants where they had hearty meals. One of their officers stated that they were on "strike" but not hunger-strike. They were going to formulate their demands regarding their pay and prospects and submit the same to the authorities shortly.

The Public Relation Officer has issued the following statement in regard to this incident:

"The trouble began yesterday (Wednesday) at lunch time when an Indian R. I. A. F. officer checked a man for being improperly dressed in the dining hall and ordered him out of the room.

"About 6 p. m. it was reported to me that there was discontent in the Camp. I went down immediately to investigate the grievances. The evening meal, which is served at 6-30 p. m. was prepared but none of the men took it. No one came forward to speak to me and I ordered a parade for 9 a. m. this morning in order to address the men and hear their grievances.

"No one obeyed this order, in spite of the fact that some of the Indian NCOs were doing their best to get the men together. I waited for half an hour and invited any man to come forward but nobody did so. All the men were quite quiet.

"Since then they have done no duty and taken no food. All meals are still being prepared and what is not eaten is being sent to local hospitals.

"Wing Commander Engineer, R. I. A. F., visited the Camp this morning in order to try to find out what the grievances were but with no success. In his opinion, many of the men would have come forward but were deterred from doing so.

"No officer in the R. I. A. F. has taken part in this incident other than as mentioned above.

"Had the men assembled this morning I had intended to inform them that a committee has been ordered by the Government of India to enquire into the grievances of the R. I. A. F., including post-war rates of pay and resettlement problems. Naturally it takes time to go into all the details but the findings of the Committee will be announced as soon as possible.

"Except for purposes of sport and days spent off the Camp the wearing of plain clothes is not permitted This applies to all ranks both of the R. A. F. and R. I. A. F."

REVELATIONS IN SHINGARA SINGH TRIAL

Witness Agreed To Give Evidence For Prosecution, Because He Wanted To Go Home!

DELHI CANTT, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Subedar K. B. Paramasivan, I.A.M.C., a prosecution witness was to-day cross-examined by Mr. B. B. Tawakley, defence counsel, before the Third I.N.A. Court Martial trying Subedar Shingara Singh and Jemadar Fateh Khan.

Witness said he was brought to Delhi on December 31, 1945 and was put in a cage in the Red Fort.

Witness said he was interrogated in the Red Fort last month. He was asked if he was prepared to give evidence with regard to any beating he had seen in the concentration camp. Witness had agreed. Witness then wrote a letter to accused Shingara Singh saying that he had decided not to give evidence for the defence. The letter was produced in court. The letter began "Dear Subedar Singara Singh" and ended with "Jai Hind."

Witness said he was still in custody and was not allowed to go out of the Red Fort. A guard was placed on witness when he made statement to the defence counsel. The guard was removed when he agreed to give evidence for the prosecution. Witness agreed to give evidence for the prosecution, because he wanted to go home.

Witness said he saw ten to fourteen men being beaten in the concentration camp. Witness did not see any horizontal bar or any other instruments for torture in the concentration camp.

Re-examined by Mr. Carden Noad, counsel for the prosecution, witness said he decided not to give evidence for the defence because he felt he might have to tell lies.

ABOUT "BAMBOO'S" DEATH.

Subedar-Maj. Mohd. Rafi Khan, the next prosecution witness, said after the firing in the Kranji Camp on August 24, 1942, he saw the body of Said Zaman alias Bamboo with a bullet wound in the chest. After the firing ten or twelve men from the Kranji Camp were taken to the concentration camp and witness was appointed Commandant of Kranji camp.

Cross-examined by Mr. Tawakley, witness said he saw accused Fateh Khan in the Kranji Camp on the 23rd August, 1942. Fateh Khan had not come towards the barracks.

Questioned by the Court witness said he did not order the burial of Said Zaman or of any one else while he was Camp Commandant.

Ahmed Din, the next prosecution witness said he took the body of Said Zaman to the mortuary after the firing and himself buried it the next day. Two other men were also buried that day.

Cross-examined by defence counsel, witness said he did not hear any slogans in the Kranji Camp on the day of the firing.

Earlier a reference to the death of Dr. Ram Kishore, a Delhi lawyer, was made in the court by Mr. Tawakley, defence and the court adjourned for half an hour.

WASHINGTON SURPRISED AT MRS. PANDIT'S ASSERTION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 (U.P.A.)—Official circles here expressed surprise today at the reports from India quoting Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit as asserting that American and British authorities are engaged in a "conspiracy" to conceal the true facts about India from the American public.

Her reported statement that "very severe censorship" existed here also came as a distinct shock to officials who pointed out that no censorship exists in the United States and that even during the war the only censorship was self-imposed by the newspapers themselves.

THE WHY OF IT ALL.

Officials admitted, however, that very little news of India is printed in the American press but said that this was due to the general public's lack of interest in the subject and not any "conspiracy."

These circles pointed out that American news agencies regularly carry on their leased wires more news from India than the newspapers will print since the overwhelming interest now is domestic troubles and a few top foreign stories such as the UNO, Japan and Germany.

They admitted that the British Information Service and other British propaganda sources are very active here but they also pointed out that the publishing activities of the National Committee for India's Freedom, the India League of America and others gave the choice of even more nationalist news.

BIDE YOUR TIME

The concensus of opinion in reliable quarters is that until the strikes and other domestic news subsided, news of the Indian political problem would not gain much prominence in the American press although the question and subject of India's food shortages occupied increasing space during the last few weeks.

SWAMI SAHAJANAND INJURED

PATNA, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, the Kisan leader sustained severe injuries when the horse drawing his carriage suddenly grew panicky and threw him off according to a report received here from Buxar. The Swamiji met with the accident while proceeding to address a meeting in village Lalbagh.

FLASK BURST

Scientist In Hospital

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Due to the explosion of a flask during an experiment which he was conducting, Mr. S. M. Patel, a scientist received severe burns and was removed to hospital. His condition is reported to be serious. An assistant of his, in the laboratory, was also hurt.

Mr. Patel, it appears was experimenting with Ethyal Acetate when the flask in which it was kept, burst.

Next Sunday

In B. C. WEEKLY

How Movies Are Made?—Two pages of pictures.

Colour And Magic of Sarojini Naidu's Poetry A Diamond Jubilee Tribute.

"Recipe for Happiness". By Francis Foster.

And a skit on keeping Accounts —A Domestic Interlude!

The usual features, topical photos and latest news.

B. C. WEEKLY

February, 10

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SHOW WORLD

Rural Romance

at

The Eros

"STATE FAIR" (20th Cen. Fox).
Stars: Dana Andrews, Jeanne Crain, Dick Haymes and Vivian Blaine.
Director: Walter Lang.

This film unfolds the story of Mid-Western farm life in America. The hopes and aspirations of the simple farming people to whom we are introduced, all cling round the annual state fair.

A family of four, consisting of Ma (Fay Bainter), Pa (Charley Winniger) and their two children (Jeanne Crain and Dick Haymes) hope for very different things from the fair. Ma wants to win the first prize for her special preparation of mince-meat, Pa hopes his hog will run away with breeding honours, and the two youngsters long for romance to come into their humdrum lives.

The son and the daughter are not disappointed, for the girl finds the man of her dream in a newspaper reporter (Dana Andrews) and the boy cultivates a heart interest in a fair dance band singer (Vivian Blaine)

There is numour in this film, and pathos too. It is all highlighted by several Rodgers and Hammerstein song hits. The fair scenes are picturesque, the music is gay and the acting of the players very natural. Here is a film that will appeal to all and sundry.

BURMA DOCUMENTARY AND LOVE STORY

at

The Rega

"BURMA VICTORY"
And
"I KNOW WHERE I'M GOING".

Lt. Col. David MacDonald, aided by the British Army Film Unit with cameraman including British, Indian and American personnel of the South East Asia Command, has made an informative film which runs for about an hour, and depicts, without frills and furbelows, the exploits of the 14th Army in Burma. The victories at Kohima and Imphal and the crossing of the Chindwin are the highlights of this production.

"I Know Where I'm Going" narrates the adventures of an obstinate girl who goes to join her fiancee in the Hebrides, and on the way, falls in love with a Highlander. Now there arises in her an inner conflict between her mercenary tendencies and her romantic ardour for a man without great means.

Wendy Hiller of "Pygmalion" fame enacts the role of the girl. Roger Livesey plays her lover.

Those who love rugged scenery and rugged characters will find this film quite interesting, particularly in contrast to the documentary preceding it.

Dick Haymes and June Allys in "State Fair".

REPEAT FILMS

METRO: "Her Highness And The Bell-Boy"—Robert Walker and June Allyson.
EXCELSIOR: "One Thousand And One Nights"—Cornel Wilde.
NEW EMPIRE (1st Week): "Brewster's Millions"—Dennis O'Keefe, Helen Walker, Mischa Auer in a riproaring comedy.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

REGAL—10 a.m.: "Tarzan And The Amazons" — Weissmuller, Brenda Joyce.
CAPITOL—10 a.m.: "This Gun For Hire"—Alan Ladd, Veronica Lake.
EROS—10 a.m.: "State Fair"—Dick Haymes, June Allyson.

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SR836

'It Is Plain Wishful Thinking'

Molotov Scouts Idea Of Change Of Govt. In Soviet Union

RUSSIA WANTS LONG PERIOD OF PEACE & STRIVING TO SAFEGUARD IT

LONDON, Feb. 6 (Reuter): The Soviet Foreign Commissar, M. Molotov, in a pre-election Moscow radio broadcast tonight described any possible ideas abroad for a change of Government in the Soviet Russia as "Wishful Thinking."

He said: "Perhaps someone is still blissfully wishing that it would be rather nice if the leadership of our Government passed into the hands of another party than the Communist Party.

"To anyone still cherishing this hope I can answer that this is plain wishful thinking. We have always striven to bring about calm in international affairs, always remembering the opposition of reactionary forces in capitalist countries. We must recognise that the new position now occupied by the Soviet Union in international affairs is not the result of accidental circumstances. We have achieved this position by democratic development of our national aims, and have thereby gained a high place among the peace-loving nations of the world."

Reviewing the war he said: 'We have swept away all internal enemies, all saboteurs and mischief-makers. We have destroyed all those who were in the pay of foreign masters. The Soviet people have thus been protected, and are now safe from interference in our internal affairs.

REQUIRE LONG PERIOD OF PEACE

"It goes without saying that we require a long period of peace, and that we must safeguard the security of our country in order to solve this greatest of problems", M. Molotov said referring to the programme of industrial development.

"The peaceful policy of the Soviet Union is not a transient phenomenon. It follows from the basic interests and vital needs of our people, and from its desire to raise as speedily as possible its material well-being.

It follows also from the great need of the Soviet people to create its own new cultural socialist life, and from a deep conviction of our people that the Soviet Union will successfully solve all these problems, if the band of aggressors is chained.

This is why the Soviet people are so watchful when questions are being discussed which concern a possible breeding ground of disturbances of peace and international security. Our people are on their guard whenever necessary.

Is it possible, for example, to overlook such facts, when let us say, hundreds of thousands of German troops of the defeated German army are kept in one way or another inside the occupation area of our Ally?

"It must be admitted that our ally has found it necessary to put an end to this situation.

HIT AT ALLIES

"Or another fact: In Italy our Allies are still supporting thousands of troops of the Polish Fascist General Anders who is known for his hatred of the Soviet Union and who is ready for all sorts of adventures directed against the new democratic Poland.

It is quite impossible to explain away such facts as being in the interest of international peace and security

"Or let us take another case In Austria outside the Soviet Zone there still exists the Russian 'White' infantry regiment which during the war was under Hitler's orders. Of course, we have demanded the liquidation of this band of scoundrels--all in the self-same interest of peace and friendly relations among the Allies

The Soviet Union has put in quite a lot of effort towards creating a new and more effective organisation for safeguarding of international peace and security. The United Nations Organisation has already started its work. We wish it success in the execution of its important task.

"Our effort in this organisation is directed towards making it an active factor in preventing new wards and checking all and sundry imperialistic aggressors and violators of will of other people.

"In the interest of universal peace the Soviet Union is always ready for friendly collaboration with big and small peace-loving nations.

The Soviet Union has no bellicose adventurous groups as exist among the ruling classes in certain other States where imperialists are already encouraging dangerous prattle about a third world war. True partisans of peace and international security will continue to find in the Soviet Union a staunch ally and a secure prop

POWER OF RED ARMY & NAVY

This does not signify that we are careless regarding the power of the Red Army and the Red Navy. Care for our armed forces continues undiminished. Our Army has as never before accumulated battle experience, has gained strength and has become tempered in battle.

During the war it travelled the long road of re-organisation, and has been brought up to the requirements of modern warfare. The morale and patriotism of our troops is well known. The Soviet Government and army leaders are doing all they can to make sure that our army will in no respect be inferior to the army of any other country as regards the latest types of armament."

SHIAS PRACTICALLY DISFRANCHISED

Lalljee's Wire To British M.Ps.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy Lalljee, President, All-Parties Shia Muslim Conference, in a telegram to the Leader and the members of the British Parliamentary Delegation, voices the demands of the Shia community in the future free India federation.

He says: "We, Shia Muslims, generally hold the views that have been expressed in his note by Sir Chimanlal Setalwad of Bombay, firstly with reference to the danger in creating Pakistan; secondly with reference to the harmful position that would be created for the Muslims in minority Provinces and Indian States wherein there is a large portion of the thirty million Shia Muslims in India; and thirdly with reference to the advisability of having only one general electorate with reserved seats also for the Shia Muslims, if other communities are to have reserved seats because of the gross injustice of the present arrangements under which Shias as such and as Muslims of National outlook are debarred from going into general registers and standing as candidates and they are therefore, for all practical purposes disfranchised; further the voters in all general registers are debarred from electing them and they have no choice whatsoever of getting elected by the present communal separate electorate"

"FLAGRANT ABUSE OF DISCRETION"

Public Accounts Committee Criticises Bengal District Authorities: Report Before Assembly

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 6: "We cannot conceive of any set of conditions in which there could possibly be any justification for disregard of such elementary commonsense precautions as taking of receipts for money paid or of maintaining the records of payment. We can therefore come to no conclusion but that discretion vested in the District authorities under the Bengal Government's order was in many cases most gravely and even flagrantly abused and we have no doubt whatever that much of the money alleged to have been spent on payment and compensation to evacuees and refugees never reached those for whom it was meant."

These are the comments on Government of India's expenditure in Bengal by the Public Accounts Committee, a report of which was presented yesterday to the Central Assembly by the Finance Member.

NOT TO BE PURSUED

The Committee however came to the conclusion that no useful purpose would be served by pursuing this matter any further and had reluctantly acquiesced in debits on this account as a valid charge against the Government of India.

In regard to labour propaganda, the report says that inspite of every effort having been made, it has not been possible to extract from the Indian Federation of Labour a full voucher of accounts as required by the auditor nor was there any hope of getting them in future. The Committee took the view that there was no alternative but to abandon further search for these vouchers and acquiesce in payment being accepted in audit without proper voucher being produced.

DEFENCE EXPENDITURE

Referring to the Defence expenditure the report says: "We, since the war started, have been accustomed to audit the report, bringing to light a large number of irregularities, some of a serious nature. The present report is no exception to the rule and contains the usual tale of losses in the Government stores on account of storage and store accounting arrangements being defective or non-existent, of works carried on without a proper authority or without the execution of contracts and as regards the works and the acquisition of stores, cases in which financial interests of Government were disregarded. We recognise as we recognised before that very unsatisfactory state of affairs which has been revealed is largely the result of war conditions. We recognise also that there has been an extreme shortage of trained personnel, that the magnitude of works programme and of work to be done has been accompanied by decrease in the time in which the task had to be accomplished and all these factors taken together led to the confusion, disorganisation and waste. We are convinced that the rules of procedure already in existence are sufficient if observed to prevent the losses being incurred but we confess that we are far from satisfied that such observance of rules is adequately enforced. We feel that there might have been greater improvement than has actually been disclosed if the authorities had taken a stronger line with respect to cases in which it has been proved that officers disobeyed the orders either deliberately or through neglect.

LENIENT TREATMENT

Reading through the audit report we gained the impression that breaches of procedure had been dealt with far too leniently by the department and the impression been strengthened by the examination of witnesses. There seems to have grown a tendency to regard a breach of rules of procedure as of little consequence and this is a tendency against which we wish to sound a note of warning. Departures from procedure may occasionally be innocuous but invariably they give rise to a possibility of loss to the State through fraud, embezzlement, theft, bribery corruption and a host of other ways. Now that the war has ended we should like to impress upon the War Department that there is no longer any justification left for officers to disregard the clearly expressed orders and should like them to insist very much more firmly on strict compliance with instructions than seems to have been their custom in the past. A breach of orders in such of the said matters as stores and works should be regarded as less serious than discipline in the field.

TRUMAN SOLUTION FOR FOOD CRISIS

Formulates Nine-Point Programme

WASHINGTON, FEB. 6 (REUTER): PRESIDENT TRUMAN TONIGHT ISSUED THE FOLLOWING NINE-POINT PROGRAMME DESIGNED TO OVERCOME THE PRESENT WORLDWIDE FOOD CRISIS:

(1) A vigorous Government campaign to secure full co-operation in conservation of food, particularly bread;

(2) Other grains, apart from wheat for production of alcohol to be limited to five days' consumption monthly, and use of other grains for beer to be limited to the 1940 quantity. This will save 20 million bushels of grain by June 30;

(3) The quantity of flour produced from each bushel of wheat to be raised to 80 percent, and flour distribution to be limited to amounts essential for current civilian needs;

(4) The Agriculture Department to control millers, bakers and distributors, inventories of wheat and flour;

(5) Rail transport preference to be given to wheat, corn and other essential foods to enable prompt export to destinations in most needed areas.

(6) The Agriculture Department to exercise direct control over wheat and flour exports;

(7) The promised increase of this year of fat-oil and meat products;

(8) Secretaries of air and navy to release freightcars to ships possible for movement of food to Europe;

(9) The Agriculture Department to develop methods of conserving grain now used in feeding livestock and poultry for use as human food.

The use of wheat for production of alcohol and beer will be banned, said the President.

He pointed out that the average American consumes 3 300 calories daily compared with the less than 2,000, and sometimes as little as 1,000 calories, on which 125,000,000, people in Europe were subsisting.

WARNING THE PEOPLE THAT THE PLAN WOULD CAUSE INCONVENIENCE TO THEM AND REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF MEATS, CHEESES, EVAPORATED MILK, ICE-CREAM AND MARGARINE, THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT IT WOULD BE A SMALL PRICE TO PAY FOR SAVING THE LIVES AND MITIGATING SUFFERING IN LIBERATED COUNTRIES AND HELPING TO ESTABLISH FIRMER FOUNDATION FOR PEACE.

Latest About Rewa

NEW DELHI, Feb. 7. (A.P.I.): It is believed that the question of the Chairmanship of the Committee which is to be set up in Rewa to frame the new constitution of the State is now under consideration and that an announcement may be expected shortly.

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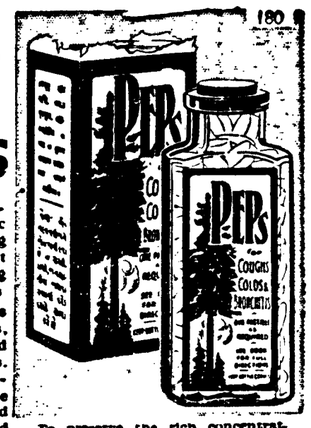

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Take PEPS

Breatheable Tablets

Increased Offerings Depress Stock Exchange Quotations

Professional Operators Persistent Sellers In Cotton

BULLION MARKET VERY STEADY WITH BETTER ENQUIRY FOR SILVER

BOMBAY, Feb. 7.

There being general meeeting of the members of the Bombay Stock Exchange, the market did not open at the scheduled time. The market is expected to open after the conclusion of the meeting.

The market opened at Rs. 2670 for Tata Steel Defds and after improving to Rs. 2672 declined to Rs. 2660. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 474, Bombay Dyeings Rs. 2205, while Kohinoors opened at Rs. 673 and declined to Rs 668.

Later on there was increased selling pressure which resulted in somewhat bigger decline and Bombay Dyeings were depressed to Rs. 2175. Tata Steel Dfds. quietened at Rs. 2641 while Ordinary Shares downturned at Rs. 468. Towards the close there was utter absence of any support and the closing tone was heavy with indications of a further drop in quotations.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 2175 Century 955 Nagpur 433 Swadeshi 704 New Great 390 Simplex XD 326 New noor 660 Colaba 395 Gokak 328 Phoenix 785 Mysore 297/8 Indian Bleaching 205 Swan 380 Finlay 325 Morarji 752/8 Indore 735 Edward Sassoon 835

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 468/8 Tata Steel Dfd 2641/8.

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 217/8 Andhra 1842/8 Power 1970 Tram Ord 156/8.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 242.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 615 Alcock 466/4 Bellapur 251 Shivrajpur 57/12 Steamer Ord 662/8 Scindia 41/2 Construction 227.

CASH SECTION

Mills: Apollo 4/10/6 Elphinstone 88/8 D U Ord 17 Defd 3/4/6 Indian Mfg. 3810 Kurla 330 Khatau 350 Dawn 1250 David 1295 New City 440 Minerva 277/8 Bradbury 420 Bharuoha Dfds 12/10 Bharat 65/12 Madhavji 22 Model 280 Laxmi Cotton 1572/8 Vishnu Cotton 557/8 Western 3650 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 25/8 Hindustan 3800 Meyer Sassoon 240 Tata Mills 81 Ahd. Advance 465 Sassoon Silk 99 New Union 28 Poddar 345 Madhusudan 582/8 New 108 Shri Nivas 435 Raja Bahadur Poona 143/12 Berar 331/4.

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 217/8 New 170 Surat 258/12 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 238/12 Broach 13/8 Almer 15 Amalgamated 19/5 Jalgaon 15/8 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 240 New Premium 100.

BANKS

Reserve 156 Imperial 2425 P. P. XD 611/14 Central 106 India 228/8 Union 12/2 Baroda 166 Habib 85/8 International 60 A.B.C. 44 Dena Bank 67 United 91 Jaipur 71 Hindustan 55 National Saving. P P 72 P P 40 Mysore 435 Exchange 56/8 Eastern 106.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6795 Empire 1250 New India 95/4 Jupiter 48 Vulcan 19/8 Indian Mercantile 72 Universal 16/4 Vasant 25/6/6 Br. I. Gen. 28 Ind Prud 51/12 Neptune 11/2 New Great 31/8.

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 710 C.P. 108/8 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 95 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 215/6 Burma Petrol

Dust is full of germs. And India is full of dust—as you well know. But there's one certain way of dealing with the problem—gargle with *Milton*. The first time you use it for a raw, thick throat you will feel relief! *Milton* breaks up the mucus in which the germs hide and thrive. The "thick" matter goes along with the germs. Just gargle or rinse the mouth with a solution of ½-teaspoonful of *Milton* (*not* more) to a tumblerful of cold or tepid water. And for "gritty" eyes (also caused by dust) bathe in a very weak solution—*not* more than 5 to 10 drops of *Milton* in a ½-tumblerful of cold water. And, remember, when you're not using it, keep your *Milton* firmly corked.

MILTON
THE HYPOCHLORITE ANTISEPTIC

R.M.29

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, February 7.

MILLS

Apollo 4/12/6 4/10/6 Bnarat 65/12 66/8 65/12 Bharucha Defd. 12/10 B. Dyeing 2216/4 2198/12 2203/12 2186/4 93/12 75 Central India (Ord) 452/8 45 47 33 Central India (Pref) 742/8 Century 955 Colaba 396 Edward 840 37/8 40 35 Elphinstone (Ord) 88/8 Elphinstone (Pref) 138/12 Finlay 333 29 30 25 Gokak 335 36 28 33 28 India United Defd. 3/6/6 3/7 3/4/6 India United Ord 17/9 16/13 17 Indore 743/12 35 37/8 35 Kohinoor 676 69 70/8 68 69/8 63/8 66/8 60 Madhusudan 582/8 Meyer 247/8 40 Morarji 752/8 Mysore 296/4 New Great 425 5 10 8 12 388 90 Sassoon Cotton 25/8 Simplex 339/8 34 35 26 Swadeshi 708 700 702 700 704 Swan 384 80 81 80 Tata Mills 81/8 80/12 81 Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 710 Central Provinces Rly. 103/8

BANKS

Baroda 166 Central 108/8 5/8 6 Imperial (Old) 2425 Imperial (New) 611/14 India 119 28/8 International 60 Reserve 156/8 56 Union 12/2 United Commercial 91/8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 216/4 17/8 Andhra Valley (Ord) 1842/8 Tram (Ord) 157 56 56/8 Tram (Pref) 72/12 73 72/12 Karachi 238/12 Surat 258/12 Hydro 217/8 Power 1972/8 65 70 Power (Pref) 1735

INSURANCE

British India 28 Jupiter 48 New India 95/8 95/4 Vulcan 19/8 Bombay Steam 662/8 Scindia 42/8 41/2 Bengal Steel 43/8 43/6 Indian Iron 52/15 52/10 52/13 52/4 52/6 52/5 Tata Steel Defd. 2672/8 70 75 57/8 65 57/8 62/8 50 57/8 41/4 Tata Steel Ord 476/8 74 74/8 72/8 74 70/8 72/8 68/8 Tata Steel 2nd Pref 172/8 71/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 465 66/4 A. Cement 243 40 42/4 42 Belapur 255 51 52 50/8 51 Burmah (Old) 523/12 20 22/8 12/8 15 Burmah (New) 219/6 B. B. Petrol 6/5 6/3/9 Indian Bleaching 205 I. I. Trust 127 Port Canning 107 P. Construction (Ord) 231 27 Shivrajpur 58 57/12 Tata Chemical (Ord) 24/14 24/4 Tata Oil 90 90/4 89/8 Western India Match 398/2 98/12 98/2 New Great Mills (Pref) 255 New Union Mills 28 Alembic Chemical (Ord) 360

6/3/6 Tata Oil 89/8 Mackenzie 170 Port Canning 107 Kemp 660 Zandu 215 Indian Radio Ord 380 B 380 Dfds 425 Indian Investment Trust 127 Wimco 398/2 Tata Chemical 24/4 Dharamsi Chemical 37 Mukund Iron 14/12 Dena Trust 27 Alembic 360 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 140 Bombay Uganda 82 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 752/8.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 132/8 Tata Steel Second 171/8 Tram 72/12 Andhra 1617/8 Tata Power 1735 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 350 Nagpur 742/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 255 Podar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 138/12 Bradbury 542/8 Surat Elec 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12 Jupiter 18/10 Supreme 125/10.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 52/6 Bengal Steel 43/6 Indian Copper 4/8 B I C 8/11 Burma Corporation 6/2 New Victoria Mill 8/4 New Victoria Pref. 10/12 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 66 Phatton 160 Gold Mohur 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 440 Osmanshahi 392/8 Ajamshahi 695.

GOLD & SILVER

The local bullion market was steady on slightly increased buying. The market was fearing important reduction, in the total notes issue but the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank does not disclose any such departure. This and the next month being revenue months, Government is likely to receive more money. Forward Silver market opened today at Rs. 143/10 and advanced to Rs. 144 under increased buying and steadied at Rs. 144. Gold market was steady with a moderate ready business at Rs. 93. In the absence of any important development the market is likely to be narrow for some time to come.

Later on there was increased buying in Silver and forward quotation rose to Rs. 144/8. Gold was quiet at Rs. 93/2. The market was steady and finally closed as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver .999	145 8 0
Forward Silver	144 8 0
Ready Gold	93 4 0
Sovereigns	66 4 0

Easy Tone With Increased Selling On N. Y. Stock Exchange

HEDGE SELLING MEETS TRADE BUYING IN COTTON

NEW YORK, February 6.

Wall Street opened firm and moderately active. Despite the inclination to hold up commitments, the market fairly turned active with demand mainly for steels, metals and selected industrials which maintained their gains towards the noon. Coppers were bolstered by reports that renewed imports would probably assure adequate support to the red metal but only enough to meet demand. Sugars strengthened reflecting price increase for refined grade. Dealings tapered off in the afternoon but towards the close selling picked up and earlier gains reduced or cancelled. Customers are awaiting the Administration's wage price policy which is expected to day or tomorrow. A portion of the market felt that it is possible that a quick end of the steel strike and other dispute has already been discounted and the market closed easy.

American Telephone 194-7/8 (194-7/8), Amerex Corpn 38-3/4 (38-3/4), Anaconda Copper 50-1/2 (50-7/8), Chase National 44 (44-1/8), Sinclair Oil 19.3/4 (19_7/8), Firestone Tyre 78 (79_3/8), General Electric 51_3/8 (51-1/8), General Motors 78-1/4 (79-3/8), Ingersol Rand 140-1/4 bid (142-1/2), International Nickel 41-7/8 (42-5/8), National City Bank 48_1/8 (48_1/4), New York Central 33-1/4 (34-1/8) Socony Vacuum Corpn 17 (17-1/8) Texas Corpn 58-1/2 (58-1/2), Union Carbon 108 (108-3/4) U. S. Smelting 83 (82_1/2), U. S. Steel Corpn 95_1/4 (96-7/8), Western Union Telegraph 51-3/8 (52-3/8).

COTTON FEATURELESS

New York Cotton market opened very steady on trade buying of nearmonths and commission houses of distants. This support was still chiefly based on inflationary ideas but the market made little further progress and as the demand subsided, developed a slightly easier trend. Increased hedges against purchases of commodity credit corporation brought prices back near the previous closing levels but this failed to encourage much profittaking and as the trade started to absorb offerings the market steadied and then became quiet owing to the disposition to await Washington and other developments particularly regarding the new wage price policy. Towards midday the session was steady. The market became rather featureless during the afternoon with most operators seemingly content to await Washington deliberations on future price and wage policies. Prices varied little noon because small orders both sides were evenly matched. Renewed liquidation and hedging was countered by trade buying and some pricefixing against textile orders and after fluctuating within a range throughout the day the session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 100,000 bales.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

Chicago Grains; May rye and new-crop oats displayed early firmness which was attributed chiefly to technical considerations and lack of offerings. However, a break of nearly eight cents a bushel from the day's high level of the Winnipeg market attracted renewed selling. Traders were keenly interested in Washington developments in connection with wheat shortage situation and subsequent administration's action.

May, 1.90-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).
July 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).
September, 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).

AMERICAN PURCHASES OF JUTE GROWING.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6 (U. P. A.): The United Press of America learned to-day that the demand for forward sterling is showing a gradual increase, thus reflecting the growing American purchases of Indian jute and burlap.

Local banks pointed out that the forward contracts are being made as far ahead as nine months with commitments for the extreme period being made at a shade under the current market rate of four dollars three cents and three-eighths to one half.

Foreign exchange traders said that although the volume is small in relation to the normal pre-war transactions its significance lies in the fact that this type of business is slowly beginning to expand.

The closing price on the forward rate was pointned out several months ago the forward rate for three months was about ten cents under the current spot quotation.

It was also noted that there is only a little supply of sterling from commercial sources, the bulk coming from official channels.

WORTH STREET COMPLETELY WITHDRAWN

NEW YORK, Feb. 6, (U. P. A.): On the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market to-day, mills fell back to the most completely withdrawn position witnessed here in several years.

How long the present deadlock would exist became a moot question among traders.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 6

March	25.45+05
March highest	25.47+07
March lowest	25.41+01
May	25.42+06
July	mutilated
October	25.21+04
December	25.17+02
January	25.15+01
March	25.13
Middling Spot	26.01+07

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	25.52+08
May	25.45+05
July	25.44+05
October	25.27+06
December	25.24+06
Middling Spot	25.20+05

BOMBAY COTTON

Professional operators remain sellers at higher prices with a view to protect their interest in option business otherwise the position of cotton is very sound and suggests higher prices. March delivery opened at Rs. 454 and improved to Rs. 455 under moderate buying. Professional operators appeared as sellers and March quoted at Rs. 453/8.

Under scattered selling March delivery declined to Rs. 451/12 but improved to Rs. 453/4 on moderate buying. At this level there was renewed selling and March sagged to Rs. 451/12. The market steadied at Rs. 452/8 and finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. March	451	8	0
I.C.C. May	461	0	0
I.C.C. July	470	8	0
I.C.C. Sept	477	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 6.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
March	454/12	451/8	453/4
May	463	460/8	462
July	472/8	470	471/8
Sept.	477	474/8	477

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March Contract is 795 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

BOMBAY, Feb. 7.

The local produce market was very steady and even after yesterday's rise, there was scarcity of offerings.

Groundnuts G. I. P. Rly. Khandesh quality Rs. 21/4 and Bold Rs. 20/12 while Nizam Bold were placed at Rs 20/4.

Groundnut Oil Bombay Mills ready. Rs. 13/6. Buyers permit Rs. 12/3 and April_May delivery Rs. 12/6.

Castorseeds Bombay delivery Rs. 18/2. Navlakhi delivery Rs. 18/6 and Goa delivery Rs. 18/6.

Linseed ready buyers at Rs. 21/8. Bombay February_March delivery Rs. 21/10 and March_May delivery Rs. 21/10. Navlakhi delivery Rs. 21/12 and Satna Rs. 21/4.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Feb. 7.

Cocoanuts Raw 135, Dry 125, Cocoanut Oil 535, Copra Office 345 Dilpasand 365, Madrasnottam 395, Goodgooda 330, Pepper Wynaad 390, Country 365, Dry Ginger Chernad 340, Ernad 325, Coffee Robusta 85.

HAPUR MARKET.

HAPUR, Feb. 7.

Wheat Control 10/4 Actual 14, Stock 122, Khattis exports average about 6, Khattis Daily Peas 10/4, Maize 11/4, Bajra 10/12, Steady Arhar 8/12, Urad 14/8, Moong 11/13, Steady Stocks Peas 5, Arhar 10, Khattis Gur 10/2, Jaggery Powder 11/4, Arrivals about 2,100 Mds. Bardana Ready 56/10 to 60/8, Chet 53/8, Asuj 52/4, Guwar Ready 8/3, Maha 7/15/9 Baishak 7/10/3 Quiet Silver 143/12, Gold 92/2, Steady.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, February 7.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16.
London Banks selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32.
London Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32.
London Banks buying D. D. 1/6 1/16.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2.
New York Banks buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2.
Montreal Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.
Montreal Banks buying T. T. Rs 299.
Montreal Banks buying D. D. Rs. 297 1/2.
Paris Banks selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks buying T. T. Fcs. 3650.
Amsterdam Banks selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79 1/2.
Java Banks selling T. T. D. D. ——.
Hongkong Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Shanghai Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 17 1/4 Nom.
Singapore Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157 1/2
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.03 3/8_4.03_1/2.
London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 13/16_1/3 3/32.
London/Shanghai Cross Rate 3d. to 3 1/16d.
London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16 to 2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 479.70 to 480.30.
London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2 — 3/4.
London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.30 — 40.
London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 16.85 — 95.
London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32 19.36.
London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.03 1/2 — 4.03 1/2.
London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.43 4.45.
London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68 10.70.
London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 7.58/7.62.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
London Discts: 3 Months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts: 6 Months 9/16_5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c., 3 months 1/2 p.c. 6 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:— Easier.

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

March	25.42
May	25.38
July	25.37

LONDON BULLION.

London, Feb. 6.

Spot 44d. Forward 44d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. 168/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 6.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02_1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.45 Zurich sellers 17.8, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95.

LONDON WHEAT.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered Australian Wheat (bulk) 63 quoted Feb_March, Australian Wheat (bags) unoffered.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

	£
Rupee Paper 3_1/2 p c	75_1/4
Consols 2_1/2 p c	93
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	109_1/4
War Loan 3_1/2 p c	105
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	116
Victory Bonds 4 p c	114_3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	91
National Bank of India	40

NEW ALUMINIUM MINERAL FROM MYSORE

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

Mr. B. Rama Rao, Director of Mysore Geological Department, has recently found a new Aluminium mineral near Mavinhalli in Mysore. This mineral which varies in colour from pale to dull apple-green in somewhat like jade or green serpentine in appearance. It differs however from both these minerals in its physical and optical characters and also in chemical composition. It is much softer than jade and like that mineral can be cut and polished and used for making pendants, brooches, signet rings, necklace, beads and such other ornamental articles.

Microscopic investigations reveal that the mineral is derived from Kyanite with which it is closely associated and hence is named Kyanophylite. The mineral occurs as small nodules and lumps closely scattered at the surface in Mavinhalli in the Mysore Taluk.

IPTA

I. P. T. A. FESTIVAL OF DRAMA AT BHAGESHWAR DNAN MANDIR

Matunga (B.B. & C.I.)

PROGRAMME

1. BUVA (In Marathi) 17th Feb. 9-30 p.m.
2. SITA (In Gujarati) 18th Feb. 9-30 p.m.
3. ZUBEDA & GAON (In Hindi) 19th Feb. 9-30 p.m.
4. BUVA (In Marathi) 20th Feb. 9-30 p.m.
5. ANALDE & SWAPNADRASTA (In Gujarati) 21st Feb. 9-30 p.m.
6. MUNDHADUGU (In Telugu) 22nd Feb. 9-30 p.m.
7. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 23rd Feb. 6-30 p.m.
8. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 24th Feb. 6-30 p.m.

SEASON TICKETS at Rs. 10 and Rs. 5.

Daily: Rs. 2/8, Rs. 1/4 and As. 10.

Advance Booking at Deodhar Hall, opp. Royal Opera House between 7 and 9 p.m.

PROGRAMME FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY

PERFORMANCES AT INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

Gowalia Tank.

PROGRAMME

1. SITA (In Gujarati) 14th Feb. 9 p.m.
2. SITA (In Gujarati) 15th Feb. 9 p.m.
3. SUBEDA & GAON (In Hindustani) 16th Feb. 9 p.m.
4. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 17th Feb. 9 p.m.
5. MUNDHADUGU (In Telugu) 19th Feb. 9 p.m.
6. ANALDE & SWAPNADRASTA (In Gujarati) 20th Feb. 9 p.m.
7. BUVA (In Marathi) 21st Feb. 9 p.m.
8. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 22nd Feb. 9 p.m.
9. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 23rd Feb. 9 p.m.
10. THEY CAME TO A CITY (In English) 24th Feb. 9 p.m.

DAILY TICKETS Rs. 5, Rs. 2/8, Rs. 1/4 and As. 10.

SCOB

GALVANIZED SHEETS, PLAIN AND CORRUGATED

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL LTD.

Mg. Agents: BURN & CO.
12, MISSION ROW, CALCUTTA

SC-36

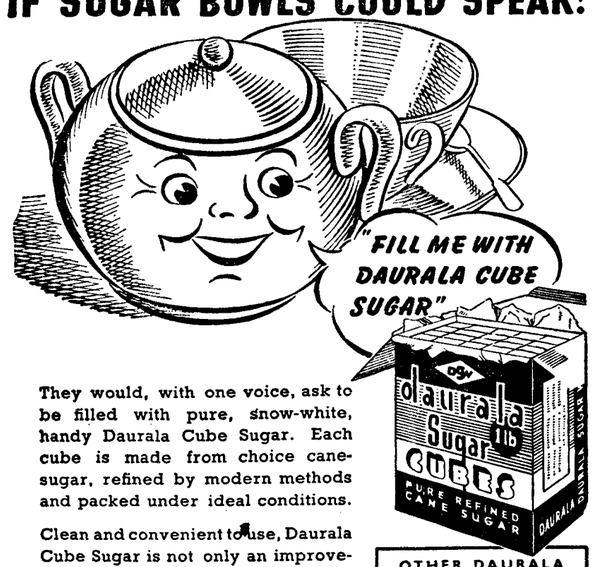
I like my *tenors...*

T 133

JAMES CARLTON LIMITED. LONDON

5 Annas per packet, the price is exclusive of local or provincial Taxations.

IF SUGAR BOWLS COULD SPEAK!



They would, with one voice, ask to be filled with pure, snow-white, handy Daurala Cube Sugar. Each cube is made from choice cane-sugar, refined by modern methods and packed under ideal conditions.

Clean and convenient to use, Daurala Cube Sugar is not only an improvement but a refinement on ordinary crystal sugar.

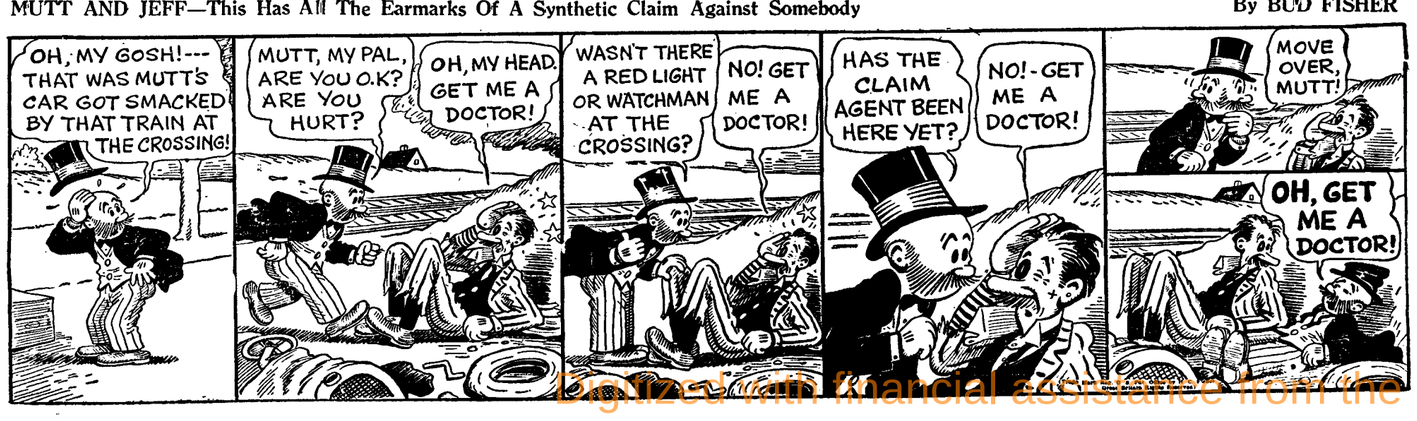
Available from all DCM Stores and leading provision stores

OTHER DAURALA SUGAR PRODUCTS
Castor • Demerara and Icing Sugars • Coffee Crystals • Golden Syrup and Treacle • Toffees and Sweets.

Daurala *Cube Sugar*
DAURALA SUGAR WORKS, DAURALA. (U.P.)
Trade enquiries direct to:
THE DELHI CLOTH & GENERAL MILLS CO., LTD., DELHI

DCM. 22.

MUTT AND JEFF—This Has All The Earmarks Of A Synthetic Claim Against Somebody — By BUD FISHER


OH, MY GOSH!--- THAT WAS MUTT'S CAR GOT SMACKED BY THAT TRAIN AT THE CROSSING!
MUTT, MY PAL, ARE YOU O.K? ARE YOU HURT?
OH, MY HEAD. GET ME A DOCTOR!
WASN'T THERE A RED LIGHT OR WATCHMAN AT THE CROSSING?
NO! GET ME A DOCTOR!
HAS THE CLAIM AGENT BEEN HERE YET?
NO!-GET ME A DOCTOR!
MOVE OVER, MUTT!
OH, GET ME A DOCTOR!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a handsome educated young bride for a handsome highly educated caste Hindu bachelor holding a Gazetted Job under the Central Government. Caste and Province no bar. Apply to Box No. 812, "Bombay Chronicle."

A respectable Muslim youth very well settled in business wants in matrimony a suitable virgin or a widow having no issues. She should be well accomplished, educated and of a pleasing nature. Age not exceeding 25. Apply with a copy of recent photo to Box No. 781, "Bombay Chronicle." Correspondence will be treated as strictly confidential. (781)

Wanted a Brahmin girl for a highly respectable bachelor, Kanyakubj Brahmin in permanent Provincial Medical Service. Apply to Box No. 6455 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately for a well-known Local Engineering Factory a qualified and experienced Foundry Foreman with thorough and up-to-date experience in Modern Foundry including Machine moulding methods and equipment. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 6579, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately the follow-ing staff:—Accountants with fairly large experience of Commercial Accounts. Managers willing to serve anywhere in India and near East. Men with experience of handling large contracts and dealing with officials preferred. Stenographers, capable of taking down 150 words per minute. Accounts Clerks, Correspondence Clerks, etc. Immediate engagement essential. Applications with copies of testimonials, stating minimum pay acceptable may be sent to Box No. 792 C/o. The "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Immediately A Hindustani speaking Typist Clerk. Apply to Climbers & Co., 337, Kalbadevi, Bombay. (784)

Wanted experienced accountant well-versed in limited company routine and in typing. Apply in own handwriting Box No. 725 "Bombay Chronicle" with testimonial copies.

Wanted by a reputed pharmaceu-tical concern several energetic Medical Representatives and Salesmen. Please apply stating previous experience to Box No. 6548 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Manager for one up-to-date Printing Press in Bombay. Apply immediately. Karmog Bros. Ltd., Bombay Mutual Building, Fort, Bombay. (816)

PERSONAL

The Crisis in a Woman's Life is the title of an instructive English medical booklet explaining in simple language why the fears and suffering so dreaded by women in their forties are quite unnecessary. Booklets posted free to all genuine applicants. Write Menopax Department (C), Post Box 5051, Bombay 9. 6593

Our "Travel" Policy will cover you against accidents on land, sea or in the air anywhere in the world and during your stay abroad. Details from Sturgess, Indian Trade & General Insurance Company Ltd., 91 Apollo Street, Bombay. Tel. 21760. (6330B)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by post Associated Schools, Delhi. (5804B)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans upto Rs. 500/- given against personal signature. Over hundred persons already accommodated. Write for details enclosing self-addressed envelope to Citizen Credit Syndicate Ltd., Post Bag No. 1035, Bombay 1. (6280)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Distributors wanted. A premier film producing limited concern of Bombay will consider proposals from sound parties for the distribution rights in respect of their forthcoming pictures either for world rights or for provincewise. For particulars please Apply Box No. 6489 "Bombay Chronicle".

For high class Maize Starch, Corn Flour, Dextrine and Glucose, please address your trade enquiries to Patiala Starch and Chemical Works, Ltd., Rajpura NWR. (Patiala State). Note we hold a general permit to export the above goods in British India. 705

Advertiser now in Bombay on brief stay will be glad to contact parties interested in expanding business in South India and Mysore. Please apply to Box No. 810, "Bombay Chronicle." (810)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Sublet Accommodation required for small Hindu vegetarian family. Good rent. Apply Box No. 789 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Selling Agents for our USHA 48" Sweep A. C. Ceiling Fans in all principal towns in India. For details apply immediately to Jay Engineering Works Ltd., P. O. Box 2158, Calcutta, with full particulars regarding firm's standing, experience and Bank References etc. (6594)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

A Rare Business Opportunity Commercial Textile Corporation. Manufacturers of High-class Hosiery Shirts invites enquiries from Wholesale Hosiedy Merchants and Exporters. Correspond with Sole concessionnaries V. DAS & Co., Camp Bazar Cannanore (Malabar). 648)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale: Milk Powder in bulk. Neo-Vit Laboratories Ltd., 9-B, Sahanagar Road, Kalighat, Calcutta. (6329)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS FOR appointment to two posts of District Co-operative Officers are invited from persons with "Approved War-service."

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS: A degree in Commerce, Agriculture, Law or Economics, or Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy.

AGE LIMIT:—30 years; but applications from persons above the age limit will also be considered.

LANGUAGE QUALIFICATION:—Thorough knowledge of Marathi and/or Gujarathi.

LAST DATE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS:—1ST MARCH 1946.

Particulars and prescribed forms of applications are obtainable from the office of the Registrar, Co-operative, Societies, Bombay Province, Poona and can be obtained on application.

S. M. IKRAM, I.C.S.,
Registrar,
Co-operative Societies, B.P.,
Poona.

Poona, the 2nd February 1946. 6586

G. I. P. RAILWAY-TENDERS

The Controller of Stores invites Tenders for Cutting, Sewing and Making complete in every respect Uniform Clothing etc. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 25th February 1946 at 3 P. M. (S. T.). 6526

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Department of Labour
BEVIN TRAINING SCHEME

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the 20th February 1946 from persons resident or domiciled in Bombay Province for being trained as "Instructors for the Disabled" in the U. K. under the Bevin Training Scheme. Candidate should possess good general education, knowledge of English and, at least, 3 years' experience in his trade or occupation, excluding his training or apprenticeship period.

The application form, a list of trades and occupations and the prospectus of the Scheme will be supplied on request.

Preference will be given to ex-Services' personnel and Instructors under the Technical Training Scheme of the Labour Deptt. of the Government of India.

Full particulars can be obtained from the office of the Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. 6592

NOTICE.

The office of the Indian Tariff Board, Queens Road, Bombay, will be shifting to the ground floor of 'Caltex House', Ballard Estate, Bombay, with effect from the 6th February 1946. (6595)

THE ELPHINSTONE SPG. & WVG. MILLS CO., LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the Directors of the above Company to issue duplicates of Share Certificates No. 15445/15449 and 23883/23902 for twenty five ordinary shares at present standing in the name of late MR. COOVERJI SHAMJEE, upon the statement that the original share certificates have been lost or destroyed and Notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original share certificates is made to the said Directors of the Company's office at United India Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, they will then proceed to deal with such application for duplicate share Certificates.

Dated this 7th day of February 1946.

JETHABHAI HIRJI MISTRY,
Administrator to the estate of late Mr. COOVERJI SHAMJI. 6601

1-WEEK DANTON SHORTHAND

Only 4 rules. 6 easy Lessons First Lesson Free: Danton Shorthand School, (St. Albans), New Road, Post Box 43. Delhi 8.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Influential Organisation financially sound handling Pharmaceutical lines in South India is open for engagement for Sole Representation-Distributor-ship (entire South India including all Native States). Interested Firms and Manufacturers (Indian and Foreign) may kindly contact Mr. M. Narasinga Rao (Partner) Care. Post Master G. P. O. Bombay by correspondence in the first instance up to 15th Feb. '46.

PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION, BANGALORE CITY.

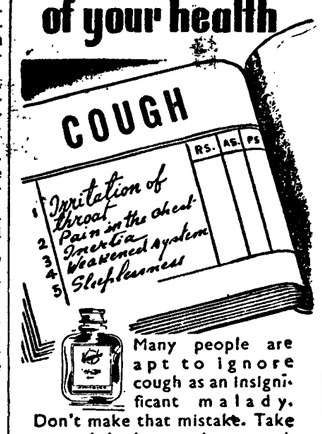
MACHINERY FOR SALE

Typewriters' Sale. Underwood Brief, & Portable: Remington, Corona Portables. Marathi Underwood Foolscap. "Bangale" 646: Sachapeer Street, Poona Cantonment. (813)

MACHINERIES WANTED

Wanted—Power Socks Machines— New or Second hand in working order. Apply with particulars Box No. 786, C/o "Bombay Chronicle."

On the Debit side of your health



Many people are apt to ignore cough as an insignificant malady. Don't make that mistake. Take a good look at what cough means to you in health.

If you value your health—and your money—check a cough as soon as it begins to trouble you, with Kaspho Cough-Cure tablets. Kaspho soothes and heals. Irritation and congestion disappear, vitality is retained and good nightly rest is assured. Above all, Kaspho strikes at the cause of the cough and removes it altogether.

Kaspho

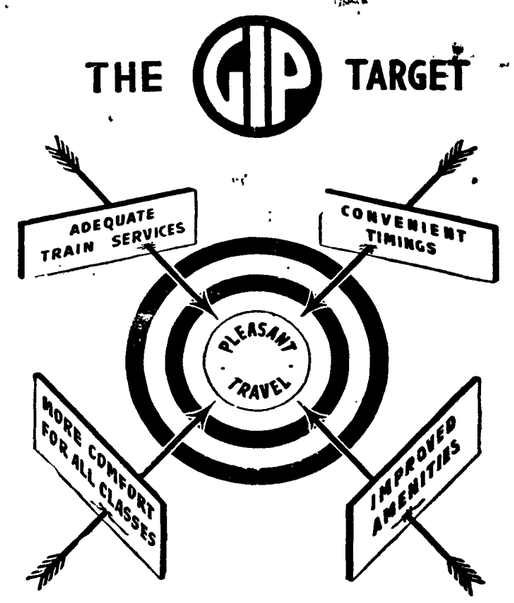
COUGH-CURE TABLETS

AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY LTD.
AHMEDNAGAR.
ADARTS—AY. 65.

138

ANDREWS LIVER SALT
Health Drink & Tonic Laxative

PREPARING for POST-WAR TRAVEL



OUR AIM IS AT THE BULL'S-EYE

805

Why Not Keep SLIM and Beautiful

BEAUTY is more than skin deep. Those bright eyes, that lovely, clear complexion and sunny disposition come from internal health; and the secret of this internal health is Bile Beans.

So, if you want to have a lovely, graceful figure, a beautiful complexion and be happy, healthy and fit at all times, be sure to follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

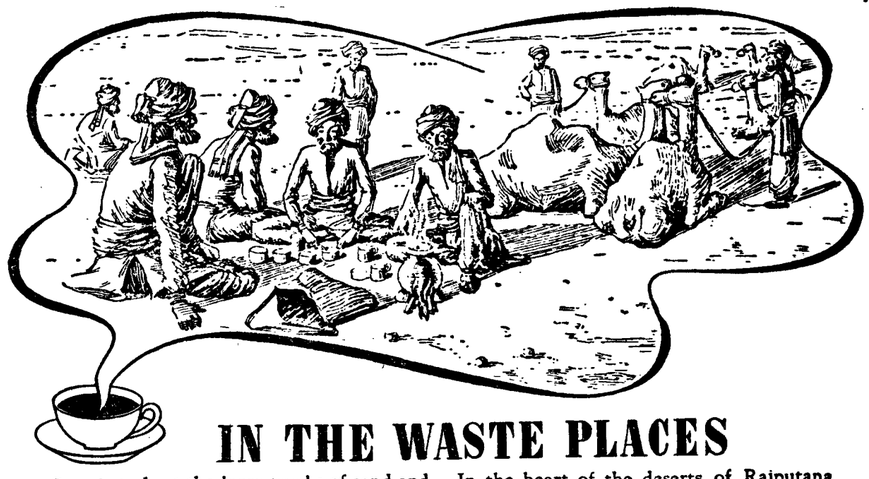
This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food residue; thus ensuring internal health, which makes you beautiful and attractively slim.

BILE BEANS

KEEP YOU HAPPY, HEALTHY AND FIT

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—1

New Stocks have arrived;
Local Agents: Kemp & Co., Bombay.



IN THE WASTE PLACES

Swaying along the loose tracks of sand and stones, with their bells beating out a sleepy rhythm, a string of camels raises more dust than a column of marching men. Even the rider, high above the ground, is soon parched with thirst.

Camel-convoys ply between the remotest places, mostly waterless. Wherever there is a spring or a rain-water tank, there are arrangements for making fresh tea.

In the heart of the deserts of Rajputana and Baluchistan, high in the rocky defiles of the North West Frontier, Brooke Bond tea is being delivered fresh all the year round.

Wide distribution—fresh tea for all.

Brooke Bond

Two Leaves and a Bud

Our distilleries did not grow in the hot-house of a wartime need: we started distilling as early as 1835 and the name of

Carew's

is one of which we can be justly proud.

The making of fine gin is not just a matter of following a recipe . . . take a ton of molasses, add so much juniper essence, etc. It is a process superintended by expert distillers; a process evolved by research and experiment started many years ago with the study of local materials and climatic conditions. We have never relaxed our vigilance or care.

You can be certain of a fine

DRY GIN

if you insist on CAREWS of prewar fame.

J. C-14

SUNSHINE Glaxo builds bonnie babies

Distributors in India:
B. J. FOSTER & CO., LTD.
Bombay Calcutta Madras Lahore

RITA

Grows lovely Hair

RITA is a new departure in hair health. It supplies to the hair roots the natural secretions that are often lacking. It stops dandruff, prevents baldness and grow long, silken hair of unusual charm. It gives a pleasing sheen to dull hair and is ideal for wave setting. Get a bottle of RITA and revitalize your hair to new beauty. Sold everywhere. As. 15 per bottle.

KANNAMBA:

It gives me pleasure to say that Rita has given me an immense satisfaction. It is really efficacious.

RITA HAIR TONIC

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.